BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

BY BOUTELLE & BURR. | ENTERED AS SECOND CLASS MAIL MATTER. | BANGOR, ME., SATURDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 22, 1887. | VOLUME LIV.—NUMBER 250.

Business Cards.

JOHN S. KIMBALL & SON,
AUCTIONEERS,
General Ins and Real Estate Agency
Exchange Block, Cor. Exchange and State Sts.
... business of all kinds ... Negotiated ... Life Fire and Accident Insur...

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... you wish copied call on
J. F. GERRITY & CO.
THE PORTRAIT ARTISTS.
... of the best artists in New Eng... all their work. Studio Rooms ... Block. july30

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In Wall Papers, Decorations, Borders also Opaque and Holland Shades, at
CHAS. HIGHT'S.

CHAS. S. PEARL,
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LOVE
... war scene goes
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A Large Lot of Pictures
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LADIES!
Do Your Own Dyeing at Home With
PEERLESS DYES.
... 10c ... For ... Drug...

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FLOUR.
Best Quality. One Low Price for all. Call and see us.
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THE WORLD'S TYPE-WRITER,
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TAPLEY'S
[illegible]
BANGOR, ME
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BYRON TAPLEY, Director,
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4w

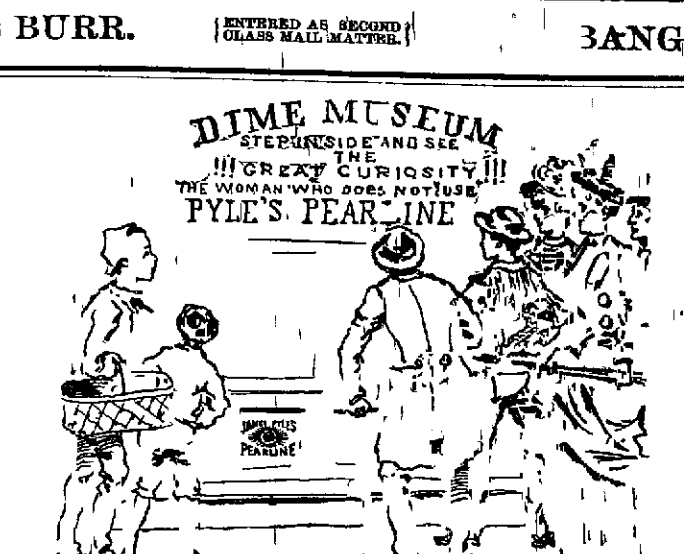
Read and Remember.
MONDAY OCTOBER 24th,
... NO. 12 1-2 CENTRAL STREET,
... Novelties Toys and ... Crockery Glass and Aprons &c regardless ...
... CLARK ... Kenduskeag Bridge 2w

Special Linen Sale.
... for Holiday Goods ... per cent ... the store formerly ... I am prepared to ... Saxony and Mopia ... and Eider down ... Arrasenes, Che... Chenilles, Embroidery ... Floss, Bargaren, ... Chenille Japanese ... Ornaments includ... Tassels for ... New Novelty Braids for ... all Shades figured and ... Outlined Plushes, Wind-... Art Satins and every-... first-class Art
MRS. RUFUS HAMM.
1m

Boston and Savannah Steamship Co.
Only Direct Line from New England to Savannah.
... all points South.
Favorite Route to Florida.
FIRST THURSDAY at 4 P M from Savannah Pier ...
A DeW SAMPSON, G. E R Agent, 201 Washington St
W. H. PEARSON N E and W Railway Agent, ... Washington Street
RICHARDSON & BARNARD, Agents Savannah Pier Boston Mass
3m

Gordon & Dilworth's PRESERVES and JELLIES,
OF ALL KINDS,
—AT—
J. K. SHERMAN'S,
28 and 30 Central Street.
oct11

Old Papers,
in any quantity, for sale at this office.



Very few of these antiquated women left. Live housekeepers will have PEARLINE, and can't be cheated by imitations either.

FIFTY DOZEN
Silk Handkerchiefs,
25 CENTS EACH.
A BARGAIN!
C. K. STEVENS.
oct12

FURNITURE!
C. C. PRESCOTT,
NO. 12 CENTRAL ST.
Mahogany, Oak, Antique Oak, Walnut, Cherry, Ash and Painted
CHAMBER SETS,
$15.00 to $125.00
Brocatelle Sultan Plush, Embossed Plush, Silk Goods and Hair Cloth
PARLOR SUITS,
$85.00 to $150.00
Odd Pieces Upholstered Goods in Assorted Colors, Side Boards, Hall Stands, Desks, Tables, Antique Chairs, also a good stock of Common Furniture, Mattresses Pillows, Spring Beds, Feathers, &c. Personal attention given to mail orders.
OUR PRICES ARE LOW! CALL AND SEE!
oct18

Opening of Fall and Winter Millinery at
MRS. F. QUINN'S, THURSDAY, Oct. 20.
No. 2 Dolan's Block, Main Street, Opposite Opera House.
oct15—2w

GREAT RUSH OF CUSTOMERS
—TO THE—
[illegible]
—AT—
[illegible]
To take advantage of the great bargains
Men's Scotch Wool Shirts and Drawers,
Full Regular Made Only $1.45 Each. Sold by Dealers Everywhere for $2 00.
Camel's Hair Underwear Only 49c.
These are not all wool but fully as good as other dealers sell for 75 cts each
Only a Few More Dozen of Those Real
[illegible]
That we have sold so many for only 83c Each.
We guarantee them to be worth $1.25, or money refunded.
25 Dozen Real Camel's Hair Hose at only 23 cts. per pair.
They would be cheap at double the price. Come and See Them.
JAMES A. ROBINSON,
Wheelwright & Clark's Block.
oct20

A FRESH STOCK
—OF—
Bath, Toilet and Carriage Sponges.
A FINE LINE OF
CHAMOIS OF ALL SIZES,
—ALSO—
Turkey, Ostrich and Wool Dusters,
—AT—
TRUE'S DRUG STORE,
CORNER STATE AND HARLOW STREETS.
june 1

METAL SKYLIGHTS

And VENTILATORS, for Mills, Stores and Dwellings.
Galvanized Iron and Copper Cornices and Gutters. Metal Shingles. Sheet Metal Work for Buildings. Send for Illustrated Circular.
E. VAN NOORDEN & CO.,
383 Harrison Avenue - - BOSTON.
6m

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SHERIDAN'S CONDITION POWDER!
Sheridan's Condition Powder Cures Chicken Cholera.
is absolutely pure and highly concentrated. One ounce is worth a pound of any other kind. It is strictly a medicine to be given with food. Nothing on earth will make hens lay like it. It cures chicken cholera and all diseases of hens. Is worth its weight in gold. Illustrated book by mail free. [illegible] I. S. JOHNSON & CO. [illegible]

Whig and Courier.

Daily Established 1834—Weekly 1815

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THE HOME MARKET.

Senator Frye's Address.

Some Hard Nuts for the Free Traders to Crack.

At a meeting of the Home Market Club in Boston, Wednesday night, Senator Frye made the principal address, speaking substantially as follows:

Gentlemen of the Home Market Club — Your Secretary, in inviting me to be present on this pleasant occasion, told me that he desired me to speak of my impressions of the necessities of a protective tariff as suggested by what I saw in a recent trip abroad. I have complied with his request, and yet I have no such boldness as authorizes me to think for a moment that I can say anything which shall be new or interesting to this intelligent audience before me, men whose line of thought has run this way for years, practically nor that I ought to be selected to speak here in the presence of many fathers almost of protection—at any rate they are the wet nurses now, like my friend Porter who sits over there, and Mr Ammidown, who sits here [laughter and applause], and yet it is not an unpleasant duty which has been assigned me. I did feel a deep and profound interest in this question while I was in Europe, for I have been in the habit of making tariff speeches of illustrating them by reference to wages abroad. I know just as well as you do that the public speaker always is under great temptation to exaggerate in order to sustain his argument, and I did not know but that I had been guilty of exaggeration hitherto. I determined to know for myself, and therefore when I was abroad I took more interest in men, women and things than I did in churches, ruins, architecture and painting. I investigated, as far as I could, of course, hampered as I was by an unfamiliarity with the language of those countries, and if understanding a smattering of the language, with an entire unfamiliarity with the dialects of the people who worked for a living.

We have some wonderful advantages in this country of ours in this matter of manufacturing over any country I saw, I believe over any other country in the wide world. In the first place we can feed a billion more men on our land than we feed to-day and do no harm to us either. Then again, we have an enormous sea coast and we have rivers and lakes which the Almighty planted just exactly right for us to use for our purposes, to make cheap freights all over the country. And then again, we have more railroads than all the rest of the world combined, and to-day our freights are cheaper in the United States of America than in any country on this earth. On our through lines, the freights are not one-half, to-day, what they are on the through lines in England. That is a great advantage.

Senator Frye spoke of the great natural advantages of the United States for manufacturing and then queried why, with those advantages, the imports for the year ending June 30 were so great, answering his query by saying that it was because in America we were handicapped in the race by cheap labor in Europe, and no other reason could be given. Labor was, he said, the most important factor of all in the matter of production, and the question as to whether or not there was cheap labor in Europe was a question that must be met and must be understood by men who legislated on the subject of a protective tariff, or revenue reform, or whatever it might be called. He continued:

Let me give you a few illustrations of what I saw, and they will be facts, not fancies. I will start with Italy. "But we have not much competition with Italy, why go there?" Why, my friends, Italy is one of the coming Powers of Europe to-day. Italy's voice is potent to-day and will be more powerful as the years pass by. Italy has entered upon a new life. It has to-day nearly 30,000,000 of people, and it has, in my judgment, the most sagacious man in all Europe to-day, King Humbert. It has a great navy. It is reaching out for commerce in a way that this great American people never has dared to reach out. I went into a cotton factory in Italy, and a great many people in the United States hardly know that Italy has entered upon cotton manufacturing. But King Humbert says, "I have millions of people here in Italy without work, sleeping in the streets,"—as I have seen them by the scores and scores, and as some of you have, men and women, lying down on the curbstones sound asleep, with no homes, and King Humbert is sagacious enough to say, "If I am going to have a great Italy, a great nation, I must have it a nation of workers and of men who can live in homes with their families around them." King Humbert is doing everything in his power to build up Italy as a manufacturing nation, and they have commenced on cotton mills. The agent of the cotton mill happened to be a German who could talk English enough for me to understand. I was fortunate. I inquired about his operatives. He said they were first-class workmen. They did not understand machinery very well, but they were good people to work, both men and women. "Well," said I, "what are the average wages you pay in your cotton mill here in Naples?" "Why," said he, "I average about $4 a week." That was the old cry and I did not believe it. "Four dollars a week," said I. "Will you be kind enough to tell me how you make your average?" "Yes," said he, "I have to put about two skillful men in each room, because these Italians don't know much about machinery, and those men are Englishmen. I am obliged to pay them a little better than English wages in order to get them, and I pay them about $7 or $8 a week." I said, "What do you pay the rest?" "Well," said he, "I pay my women from 15 cents to 18 and 20 cents a day. I pay my men from 35 to 45 cents a day." And that is the way he got his average. There were not a score of men there that were working for $7 or $8 a week, not a score. That is true, as Mr. Porter knows, in England, Scotland, Ireland and Germany, and everywhere you undertake to find out wages. They will say, "We pay from $3 a week up to $15 a week," and you go and hunt at the bottom and you will find that they have got two men at $15 and 2,000 at $3. [Applause]. So that the great bulk, the 90 out of 100 that worked in this cotton mill, were at work for 20 cents a day, for 4 out of 5 in the mill were women. How will that be for competition when Italy gets 100 or 200 mills? Will you then look at Italy and make inquiries as to labor there?

I went into a quarry—not a quarry, but where they were manufacturing the granite and the marble which had been quarried. I found that the average rate of wages of men was from 40 to 50 cents; the most skilled, getting 60 cents a day, and that regarded as a high price—$4 here for the same man. I asked my driver—I had hunted a long while for a driver who could talk English, and I had found one who could talk it a little—what he got, and he said he got 30 cents a day and what little pour boires, strangers gave him. A pour boire in Italy is about three cents, I should judge [Laughter]. I went out with him a great many times, and he always carried his dinner with him. Here is the free trader's cheap living. I asked him three times to show me his dinner, and he showed it to me. Every time it was maccaroni and grease. [Laughter and applause]. "He was happy, was not he?" says a free trader. The happiest fellow I ever saw in my life, but do you want your laboring men and women to live on maccaroni and grease and be happy? [Laughter and applause] I went into the Government lace factory in Venice, and fortunately there I found a man in charge who could talk English, and he was very communicative, about the only one I found in all Europe who would answer my questions when I asked them. I went over the factory, which had been long established. He showed me first the work, and it was superlatively magnificent, laces from $5 to $400 a yard. I then went into the workshop. There were, perhaps, 200 or 300 women and girls at work. I spent two or three hours with him, looking over the concern. I finally settled upon one woman who was doing a remarkable piece of work. She was apparently about seventy years of age. She did not turn out to be but, I think, sixty [Laughter]. She was working at a piece of thread lace. My recollection is that she was using 200 bobbins at the time, and she was moving them with such a swiftness, a speed that I could not see the bobbins as they moved, to distinguish them. "Why," said I, "Mr ———, that woman is very expert." He said "She is the most expert woman in this factory, and she has worked here forty years." I remembered it. So I went round the room. I then went into his office and said "Will you be kind enough to show me your pay roll?" He said "I will, with pleasure. I have nothing to conceal." He showed me his pay roll. "Now," said I, "point me out the name of the woman that I saw working, who had worked here forty years." He pointed it out. How much do you suppose, at the most that woman succeeded in making a day? Twelve cents, and the average 11½. And the average women in the mill were getting 10 cents a day and the girls 6 and 7 cents a day. They may go into a cotton mill by and by. Then you will be interested in their wages in Massachusetts even. [Applause and laughter]

You can go out there in Venice and hire a gondola that cost maybe $200 or $250 and a gondolier, elegantly dressed—four men can hire him and pay for the gondola and gondolier for ten hours of hard work $1. How much does the gondolier get of that dollar? The Lord knows, I could not find out. [Laughter] That gondolier may be at work in a machine shop in Italy, I presume, another day making machinery. These men are as fine looking a set of men as you can find even in the United States of America patriotic too. Why, look at that Italian army of 500,000 men. There is not an army in all Europe, in my opinion, superior to the Italian army, to-day, in its material. What do they get? Two dollars a month. [Laughter] Well, what do you suppose they get in Germany? Two dollars and a half a month in Germany, and a Lieutenant gets the enormous sum of $150 a year in the German army. That is the condition of wages in Europe. You may go in Venice into one of the shops where they make that beautiful jewelry—no, go where I went, into a shop where they made this magnificent Venetian glass, and you may take the pay roll of the shop and start with the overseer, may start perhaps not with the Superintendent but with the next man to the Superintendent and follow way down through and there is not one single man except the blower, who gets over $1 a day. You may hunt all Europe over to-day in regard to the pay rolls, and it is only once, perhaps, in five thousand names that you can find a man who is getting $1 a day. This is true in England as it is in Germany or Italy.

Every inch of Italy is farmed, as you may well suppose, to support 30,000,000 people. Take every man, woman and child there is in the United States of America to-day 60,000,000, and add 15,000,000 to them and drop them right down into the single State of Texas, and it would not be as thickly populated as Italy is to-day. So they farm every inch of land in Italy, way to the tops of the mountains, where there is a bit of soil. The women do it. I have seen twenty women in one field. They employ six to eight persons on an acre of land, where we don't employ more than one. What are their wages? From fifteen to eighteen cents a day, working the live long day under the hot sun, if with a hoe, with one of those old fashioned stump hoes that would weigh from three to four pounds and have a handle nearly as large as that bottle and not half as exhilarating as that bottle was. [Laughter and applause] The President desires me to say that that is Apollinaris, as it is right in front of him. [Great laughter and applause] I was through there in haying time and the women did the haying. They did it with a scythe like our old bushwhacker, as we called it, one only about three inches wider than the bushwhacker. Suppose in a short time they get our agricultural implements in Italy. They will free from that sort of labor four out of five who are at work at it to-day, and they can be put into the cotton and silk mills to work against our people at fifteen to eighteen cents a day.

We will go up to Switzerland. I was at Interlachen and stopped at an elegant hotel. I remember Jungfrau was reaching out with its white head in front of me. I remember, too, there was a very elegant garden and elegant grounds, splendidly laid out and taken care of. I saw a young man who was there from early morning till late at night, and I found that he was the landscape gardener. I got the landlord and said: 'Mr Landlord I want to know what you pay that man. He is a good one is not he?' "Yes," said he, "he is splendid." I said, "What do you pay him, sir?" "I pay him $80 a year and he boards himself, I giving him a few vegetables." [Laughter] "Well," said I, "what do you pay those fellows that help him?" "Why," said he, "that one who is at work there I pay 35 cents a day, and I can hire just as many as I want for 30 cents a day." His immense herd of cattle had that morning started for the mountains, where it would stay the livelong summer through and way on into the fall, so long as the grass was green on the mountain side, going gradually up the mountain as the cattle eat the grass below. Herdsmen were put in charge of the cattle, and lived in little huts on the mountain side and stayed there and made butter and cheese the whole season through. Said I, "What do you pay your herdsmen?" Said he, "Forty cents a day is a heavy price to pay herdsmen, but I think a good deal of my cows." [Laughter] Go into a Swiss silk factory and you will find there, competing with your silk manufactures in the United States, women working on the average for 41 cents a day, skilled laborers, too, in the manufacture of silk.

Step up to Belgium. Belgium is a perfect bee-hive. It is about one-third the size of the State of Maine in territory and has 6,000,000 of people, more people to the square mile than any country in Europe, and they seem to love to work. The manufacturing of Belgium is perfectly amusing? Did you know she was frightening England to-day out of her boots? Did you know that she compelled Adamson, the President of the British Steel and Iron Association, in his inaugural speech, made in Manchester, in that free trade country, only about twelve days ago, to say that unless England protected her steel and iron manufactures against the competition of Belgium by law, England would be driven to the wall in the business? [Applause] Did you know that Belgium sold steel and iron rails right under the nose of the British lion this last year, until Parliament, for almost a whole half day, forgot the Irish question, and talked about Belgium and Belgian iron? [Laughter.]

Well, how about wages in Belgium? I went into a lace factory in Brussels, the first place I went to. I saw women at work there precisely as they worked in Venice, and I was able to get information there, and found that the women, skilled workwomen, earned 20 cents a day. The wages in Belgium are better than the wages in Italy or Switzerland, and about equal to the wages, in my judgment, as near as I could learn, in Germany and France. I think a little better than the wages in Germany to-day. In the cotton factory in Belgium they pay their women from 20 to 25 cents a day and their men from 40 to 60 cents a day. You may go into a great steel and iron manufactory and you cannot find on the pay roll of the concern a single laboring man whose daily pay amounts to 80 cents a day, not one, and they run down to 40 cents a day. The women do all the farming in Belgium, and they do it for from 16 to 18 and 20 cents a day.

Go up to Germany. I went first to Munich, and on the first voyage of discovery I made there I saw about a score of women with an awkward looking saw and a singular looking block for the wood to rest upon, sawing away in the streets and carrying the wood on their back into the stores. I had seen women doing almost everything in Italy and Belgium, but I had not seen them doing anything like that, and it struck me as being remarkable. And, by the way, women bear the burden everywhere in Europe. I had a curiosity to know about that business, and I went off and hunted up an interpreter. Said I "Look here I want you to go with me out on the streets. I want to know about this business that is going on out here, why, I saw women sawing on the street." "Oh, bosh, that don't amount to anything." "Well, but I want to know about it. Go with me." He went with me. "Now" said I, "you go to that woman, one about fifty years of age, a stout, healthy looking woman, who was sawing this wood. I want you to ask that woman what she gets a day." He asked her. She said she got—she did not say 15 cents, of course but translated into English it was 15 cents a day, but that she could not work all day because she had to go home and see to the children. She could make 20 cents if she could work all day. I said, "Ask her in heaven's name how many children she has and how she takes care of them." She said she had six children. "How does she take care of them with 15 cents a day?" "Oh!" said she, "I get the first washings of that restaurant," pointing to a restaurant, "for 10 cents a day, and that feeds them." Does the free trader in Massachusetts want his women who work ten hours a day and take care of six children to buy at the restaurant the first washings to feed her children with? I saw a very intelligent man in Germany who had studied the subject of wages in that country and asked him if he would talk with me. He said he would, and said he, "I will talk with you freely. I know what you desire, and I want to tell you that it is in a fair condition to-day in Germany. Although, you see they are building mills everywhere." Said I, "Yes, they look prosperous." "Well," said he, "manufacturing is not so good as it might be even in Germany. There are manufacturers here without soul and they are actually hiring men and women to work for anything they have a mind to pay them. They are paying women in one factory I know of 20 cents a day for their work, while the average they pay in Germany to men is not over 50 cents a day."

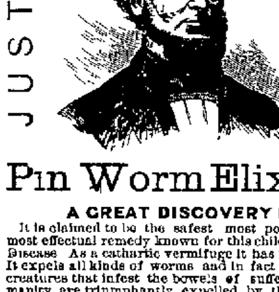
I am aware that the Boston *Herald* makes this a knock down argument against protection. [Laughter] The other day I saw an article in the paper and it said "Look at it. See the fact. Here is Germany paying lower wages to-day than free-trade England. Does not that show conclusively that protection does not protect labor?" How absurd an argument. Does not the Boston *Herald* know that there is something in the very air of this great free country which makes men aspire. Does not that paper know that this country has been a free people from the beginning? Does not that paper know that Germany is a despotism, where the Reichstag, elected for three years, when it does not do the will of the despot is dispersed though its life had only been one year? Does not that paper know that under a despotism the people cannot obtain their rights, cannot acquire the privilege they can obtain and acquire under a free, independent Government like ours? Protection encourages men like you to invest your money in manufacturing and you, building concerns here and there, get up competition. That makes a demand for labor. The demand for labor makes the high price of wages. We have the high price of wages, twice as high as any country on the face of this earth, and is not the maintaining of these wages worth something and does not the Boston *Herald* know that protection does maintain the wages we have? May not the contest in the next twenty years in America itself be how shall we maintain our present high wages? If it is, cannot any man see that the protective tariff is going to assist in maintaining the present status of wages, and that free trade would simply drag those wages down to European wages, and what a dreadful thing that would be for our people. Why, our whole people consume to-day twice as much meat and grain, reckoning potatoes four bushels to a bushel of grain, as any people on this earth except Great Britain. It is an absolute necessity for them to-day. The comforts which our laboring people to-day enjoy in America are just as much necessities of life as the maccaroni of the Italian is a necessity for him. When you undertake by free trade to drag these workmen of ours down to the level of Italians, Englishmen, Germans, Frenchmen and Belgians in wages and make them live as they live, you have done a wicked and cruel wrong to this people, which no profit or good can right. [Great applause]

But in order to show that the tariff does something even in Germany, I want to cite to you the report, both as to the amount of wages paid in Germany and to the advance caused by protection in Germany, made by the German Statistical Bureau this year. "Replies have been received from two hundred and ninety three (chiefly large) iron works and engineering establishments (ninety four of which are owned by limited companies) from all parts of Germany. It appears from the figures Jan 1, 1879"—well, I won't read the figures. These figures show that the number of workmen increased in eight years by 38,000 (30 per cent), the monthly wages by 3,058,765 marks (39 per cent). In 1879, consequently, each workman earned on an average 61 33 marks per month, or rather under 15s 6d a week. Now, there is a commentary on German wages. Mind you, these are wages of men working where they command the very highest wages in iron and steel, and yet in 1879 they did not earn $4 a week from two hundred and thirty-three establishments. What effect did the tariff have? The tariff increased it in January, 1887 to 66 17 marks, a fraction over 16s 6d. a week, so they earned over $4. There had been an increase of 30,000 employes. That had resulted in an increase of a shilling and a half a week of wages. Suppose it resulted in doubling the number of the employed and made it 60,000 more, would not the ratio of increased wages be still greater because the demand is still greater, and is not the energy displayed by Germany to-day in manufacturing enterprises the result of their German tariff? I learned from this gentleman I was speaking about, that in his opinion, from careful investigation, the earnings of the men in Germany would not average over $115 a year, and that the women would not average over $50 a year. Now there are families to be supported out of that $115 for men. Another man I talked with put it that the average earnings of men were not over $105 a year. I don't know what my friend Porter found. He found the great difficulty in finding out what wages were in Europe. I know that. They showed me out from more than a dozen establishments. I tried to get into, and in many I got into they would not answer any questions. If they did, they would not tell the truth. They don't like to have it known what the wages are in Europe.

Senator Frye spoke of wages in Great Britain, and then addressed himself to the question of tariff revision in America. I don't know myself, he said, why the tariff needs revision. [Applause] I never heard any man say in what single particular it ought to be revised, but I have heard everybody almost say that it ought to be revised, at least all men who are free traders and who are reformers, and I know that the Democratic party in Congress has been trying to revise it for fifteen years. If it is to be revised, and heaven forbid that the work be entered upon, I want to see duties increased. [Applause] I want to see a duty put on silk that will prevent thirty one millions and a quarter yards of silk being imported into this country. I want to see duties put on woolen goods that will prevent $44 900 000 worth of woolen goods being brought into the country. I want to see a duty put on the manufactures of iron and steel that will prevent 49 millions and a quarter of the manufactures of iron and steel being brought into this country. If these gentlemen will undertake a revision of the tariff and do it honestly and fairly, decreasing duties where it is apparent they ought to be decreased because they afford more than protection enough for American manufacturers, and increasing them where it can be made perfectly plain that they do not protect American manufacturers and labor, then I will go in for the revision of the tariff. [Applause] But I am not for that revision in the hands of its enemies which proposes to cut down everything just so far as it can be cut down. [Applause]

In discussing the disposition of the surplus Mr Frye suggested putting $10 000 000 a year into subvention of American steamers, saying in this connection that while abroad he saw only one ship carrying the American flag, giving $10 000 000 a year to educating voters in this republic, putting $10 000 000 or $12 000 000 a year into fortifications for rivers and cities, and $10 000 000 a year into the navy. And if that would not take care of it I would set 500 000 men digging the Nicaragua Canal and I would connect ocean to ocean and the Government should own the canal and control it forever. But I am aware that the Democratic party won't do any of these things. Each of these suggestions was heartily applauded.

In the closing portion of his address, which comprised a strong plea for the disposal of the revenue surplus without impairing the protective element in our tariff, Senator Frye expressed his willingness that protectionists should consider in a practical spirit any reduction on dutiable articles which could be shown to be consistent with the preservation of our home market and industries, but on the other hand he claimed that there were many articles which the tendencies of foreign competition indicated as fit subjects for increase rather than reduction of tariff.

TRUE'S PIN WORM ELIXIR!
A WONDERFUL REMEDY!
MARVELOUS IN ITS EFFECTS!
Mothers save your children from the annoying and fatal effects of pin worms by giving
DR. JOHN F. TRUE'S
JUSTLY

CELEBRATED
Pin Worm Elixir.
A GREAT DISCOVERY!
It is claimed to be the safest most potent and most effectual remedy known for this child killing Disease. As a cathartic vermifuge it has no equal. It expels all kinds of worms and in fact all living creatures that infest the bowels of suffering humanity are triumphantly expelled by this truly wonderful remedy. Testimony in its favor comes in from all sections where it is known. It not only effectually removes from the system these troublesome and disagreeable worms but children who have been weak and puny for years are at once improved and restored to health by its use. Being a mild and gentle laxative it is a corrective of the greatest value. It is purely vegetable and cannot be beat. It has also expelled several lizards. One eight inches in length is spotted belongs to the water species and looks like a veritable young alligator. Fits caused by worms and indigestion.
BUY IT AND TRY IT.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
PRICE 35c. 50c and $1.00
DR JOHN F TRUE & CO, - Proprietors
AUBURN, ME.
june3 TuTh&S&wly

NOTICE IN INSOLVENCY.
STATE OF MAINE
Penobscot ss Court of Insolvency, Oct 6 A D 1887

In the case of Imlah W Tibbetts and John A Jordan copartners under name of Tibbetts & Jordan of Bangor in the County of Penobscot Insolvent Debtors

Benning C Addition Assignee of said Insolvent Debtors having filed his account as such assignee with the copartnership estate of said Debtors for settlement, and having also filed his petition for an order of dividend to the copartnership creditors of said Insolvent Debtors of twenty five per cent or such sum as the funds in the hands of said assignee will justify and the said Imlah W Tibbetts and John A Jordan having filed in said Court their respective petitions for a discharge from all their debts both individual and as such copartners provable under the provisions of Chapter Seventy of the Revised Statutes of the State of Maine and the amendments thereof

Ordered That a hearing on the several matters above referred to will be had at the Probate Court Room in Bangor in said County of Penobscot, on THURSDAY the third day of November, A D 1887 at ten o clock in the forenoon and that the Register cause notice thereof to be published two weeks successively in the Bangor Daily Whig and Courier a newspaper published at Bangor in said County of Penobscot the last publication to be seven days at least before the day of hearing and also give notice forthwith by mail to all the creditors of said copartnership estate named in the schedule of debts returned by said copartnership debtors that they may appear if they see fit and be heard on the same

JAMES H BURGESS
Judge of the Court of Insolvency for the County of Penobscot

A true copy of the original
Attest AMBROSE C FLINT Register of said Court 2w oct11

SPECIAL SALE.
Our large stock must be reduced and for
THE NEXT WEEK
—WE OFFER—
GREAT BARGAINS
—IN—
Blankets, Surcingles, Fur and Plush Robes
A Good Blanket and Surcingle for $1.00,
—AT THE—
Harness and Trunk Store
—OF—
LOMBARD & GOULD,
West End Kenduskeag Bridge.
oct19

PENNYROYAL PILLS
"CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH."
The Original and Only Genuine.
Safe and always Reliable. Beware of worthless Imitations. Indispensable to LADIES. Ask your Druggist for "Chichester's English" and take no other or inclose 4c. (stamps) to us for particulars in letter by return mail. NAME PAPER. Chichester Chemical Co., 2818 Madison Square, Philada., Pa.
At Druggists. N. E. States Trade supplied by Geo. C. Goodwin & Co. Boston, Mass.
oct6 TuTh&S&wly

PATENTS OBTAINED FOR INVENTORS by PERCY W. J. LANDER, Solicitor of Patents, West Market Square, Bangor, Me.
may 8 d&w

Interest Due
on Water Loan, now due and payable at my office.
T. G. STICKNEY.
oct21 3t

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Combines in a manner peculiar to itself the best blood purifying and strengthening remedies of the vegetable kingdom. You will find this wonderful remedy effective where other medicines have failed. Try it now. It will purify your blood, regulate the digestion and give new life and vigor to the entire body.

"Hood's Sarsaparilla did me great good. I was tired out from overwork and it toned me up." Mrs G F SIMMONS Cohoes N Y

"I suffered three years from blood poison. I took Hood's Sarsaparilla and think I am cured." Mrs M J DAVIS Brockport N Y

Peculiar to Itself

Hood's Sarsaparilla is characterized by three peculiarities: 1st the *combination* of remedial agents; 2d, the *proportion*; 3d the *process* of securing the active medicinal qualities. The result is a medicine of unusual strength, effecting cures hitherto unknown. Send for book containing additional evidence.

"Hood's Sarsaparilla tones up my system, purifies my blood, sharpens my appetite and seems to make me over." J. P. THOMPSON Register of Deeds, Lowell Mass.

"Hood's Sarsaparilla beats all others and is worth its weight in gold." I. BARRINGTON 130 Bank Street New York City.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared by C. I. HOOD & CO. Apothecaries Lowell Mass.
100 Doses One Dollar

BOIL IT DOWN!
WELL HERE IT IS ALL BOILED
D. K. means DR. MARK WOODBURY'S DYSPEPSIA KILLERS
D. K.'S WILL CURE ALL STOMACH TROUBLES
This is condensed truth. Act upon it. Get a box of D. K.'s and be cured. The box only 50 cents a box or ... cents for a trial box. Mailed to any part of the United States on receipt of price. DOOLITTLE & SMITH 24 and 26 Tremont St Boston Mass 1w july7

MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN." LINIMENT
CURES Pains External and Internal. RELIEVES Swellings, Contractions of the Muscles, Stiffness of the Joints. HEALS Bruises, Scalds, Burns, Cuts, Cracks and Scratches. (Best Stable Remedy in the world.) Cures Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Croup, and all kindred afflictions.
A Large Bottle. A Powerful Remedy.
Most economical, as it costs but 25 cents per bottle.
NELSON & CO. BOSTON.
All Druggists. oct5

SCRATCHED 28 YEARS.
A Scaly, Itching Skin Disease with Endless Suffering Cured by Cuticura Remedies.

If I had known of the CUTICURA REMEDIES twenty eight years ago it would have saved me ... and an immense amount of suffering. My disease ... commenced on my ... in a spot not larger than a cent. It spread rapidly all over my body and got under my nails. The scales would drop off of me all the time and my suffering was endless and without relief. One thousand dollars would not tempt me to have this disease over again. I am a poor man but feel rich to be relieved of what some of the doctors said was leprosy, some ringworm, psoriasis, etc. I took ... and ... Sarsaparillas over one year and a half but no cure. I went to two or three doctors and no cure. I cannot praise the Cuticura Remedies too much. They have made my skin as clear and free from scales as a baby's. All I used of them was three boxes of Cuticura and three bottles of Cuticura Resolvent and two cakes of Cuticura Soap. If you had been here and said you would have cured me for $200 you would have had the money. I looked like the picture in your book of Psoriasis (picture number two, "How to Cure Skin Diseases") but now I am as clear as any person ever was. Through force of habit I rub my hands over my arms and legs to scratch once in a while but to no purpose. I am all well. I scratched twenty-eight years and it got to be a kind of second nature to me. I thank you a thousand times. Anything more that you want to know write me or any one who reads this may write to me and I will answer it.
DENNIS DOWNING
Waterbury Vt Jan 20th 1887

Psoriasis Eczema Tetter Ringworm Lichen Pruritus Scall Head Milk Crust Dandruff Barbers' Bakers' Grocers' and Washerwoman's Itch and every species of Itching Burning Scaly Pimply Humors of the Skin and Scalp and Blood with Loss of Hair are positively cured by Cuticura the great Skin Cure and Cuticura Soap an exquisite Skin Beautifier externally and Cuticura Resolvent the new Blood Purifier internally when physicians and all other remedies fail.

Sold everywhere. Price CUTICURA 50c; SOAP 25c; RESOLVENT $1. Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO. Boston Mass.
Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases" 64 pages 50 illustrations and 100 testimonials.

PIMPLES blackheads chapped and oily skin prevented by CUTICURA MEDICATED SOAP.

Catarrhal Dangers.

To be freed from the dangers of suffocation while lying down; to breathe freely, sleep soundly and undisturbed; to rise refreshed, head clear, brain active and free from pain or ache; to know that no poisonous putrid matter defiles the breath and rots away the delicate machinery of smell, taste and hearing; to feel that the system does not through its veins and arteries suck up the poison that is sure to undermine and destroy, is indeed a blessing beyond all other human enjoyments. To purchase immunity from such a fate should be the object of all afflicted. But those who have tried many remedies and physicians despair of relief or cure.

SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE meets every phase of Catarrh from a simple head cold to the most loathsome and destructive stages. It is local and constitutional. Instant in relieving, permanent in curing, safe, economical and never failing.

Sanford's Radical Cure consists of one bottle of the Radical Cure, one box of Catarrhal Solvent and one Improved Inhaler, all wrapped in one package with treatise and directions and sold by all druggists for $1.00.

POTTER DRUG & CHEMICAL CO. BOSTON

No Rheumatiz About Me.
IN ONE MINUTE

The CUTICURA ANTI-PAIN PLASTER relieves Rheumatic, Sciatic, sudden, Sharp and Nervous Pains, Strains and Weaknesses. The first and only pain-killing plaster. New, original, instantaneous, infallible, safe. A marvellous antidote to Pain, Inflammation and Weakness. Utterly unlike and vastly superior to all other plasters. At all druggists 25 cents; five for $1.00; or postage free of POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO. Boston, Mass.
oct1 WS&w

COFFEE.
NORTON'S OWN.
Finest Old Java and Mocha,
38 Cents.
HUB JAVA,
Leader of the World for the Price,
30 Cents
GARDEN GROWN RIO
28 Cents.
BEST RIO,
25 Cents.
NO 1 RIO,
23 Cents

Freshly roasted and ground only at time of purchase.
[illegible] & CO.
sept22

[illegible]
Is the Best for
OIL STOVES.
For Sale by the Trade.
june8

Whig and Courier.

BOUTELLE & BURR, PROPRIETORS.

C A BOUTELLE, Editor

All business letters should be addressed to Boutelle & Burr and communications intended for publication should be addressed "Editor of Whig and Courier"

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 22. 1887,

"Slaughter-house politics and abettoir statesmanship receives a hard blow" is the way in which the Democratic Trenton *True American* refers to the Little charges against Senator McPherson

No wonder there was a big gathering of the clans at Montgomery to welcome the first Democratic President they have seen there since Jefferson D moved with the headquarters of the Confederacy to Richmond in 1862

Referring to the promised change in the firm of the New York *Evening Post* the Democratic St Louis *Republican* says that now the *Post* has secured a new press the next thing in order is for it to try and get a new editor

A correspondent of the Boston *Post* claims that the tax on salt is a tremendous injustice to the people Before posing as the friend of the people it would have been better had this correspondent familiarized himself with the fact that free salt does not mean lower prices as was fully demonstrated in 1872 when a reduction of the duty was immediately followed by an increase in the price of foreign salt The constant tendency has been downward in the price of salt until to day it is about the cheapest article one can buy

A disagreement is said to exist between Secretary Bayard and Attorney General Garland over the seal fishery question Mr Bayard hastened to apologize to the British Minister for the detention of the captured sealers and is usual is eager to placate the British Government, but Mr Garland holds that the seizure was legal and insists upon the assertion of American rights in those waters The question is to be referred to the President and it is further said that Mr Bayard will retire from the Cabinet if his position is not sustained As Mr Bayard has made a bad muddle of the fishery question should he decide to resign the people would doubtless try and reconcile themselves to his retirement

In the election in New Jersey next month there will be no State ticket and the chief interest centres in the contests in eight counties for State Senators who will have a vote for United States Senator to succeed John R McPherson in 1889 The uncertain Republican majority in the Senate at Washington makes it vitally important that the election of a Republican Senator from New Jersey in 1889, and every State Senator elected by the party this year will contribute to that result Extraordinary efforts will be put forth by both parties in the Senate districts The control of the Legislature by a majority on joint ballot is also essential The Legislature of the coming next winter will appoint successors to State Comptroller Anderson and State Treasurer Toffey, besides filling other important offices and the legislative elections are virtually for their offices

Some of our contemporaries are reproducing articles from the Philadelphia *Enquirer* which they interpret as hostile to Mr Blaine In the fall of 1886 only one year ago when Mr Blaine made his great tour of Pennsylvania the *Enquirer* gave a prominent place in its columns to the following opinion of the Maine statesman

The popularity of Mr Blaine would appear from the demonstrations of Saturday night to be immeasurable His great and pervading personality great as it is is not sufficient to account for the general admiration and affection which his country men have for him they pay tribute to something more than a magnetic person ality they recognize in Mr Blaine a great and courageous leader a citizen who represents in his *life and labor vital political ideas* and who shapes *public opinion* controls masses by the originality and strength of his thought He leads they follow Not only no other Republican but no other American could have achieved the triumph which Mr Blaine achieved on Saturday night

Gillam is doing some very noticeable work nowadays in the *Judge* Nothing that Nast or Keppler in their prime, ever did was better in its way than the cartoon this week The Grand Performance of the Greatest Show on Earth It exhibits the Democratic elephant diligently grinding the steel pedia organ, while Garland, as the clown plastered over the broadest portion of his ample anatomy with the suggestive legend "Public Office is a Public Trust" applauds and Ring Master Lamont tickles his heels with the whip Gorman the champion bareback rider is making a successful leap through a hoop labelled Cleveland's Reform Promises" Hill in the flying trapeze act, has just sprung for the swinging bar marked "The Presidency" Carlisle and Morrison are trying to ride the double team of Free Trade and Protection Democrats while the discarded performer Randall sullenly watches for the inevitable tumble Bayard the sword swallower stands on the side ready to repeat his famed performance of swallowing Canadian insolence at sight Mr George William Curtis follows the procession in the humiliating guise for which his recent performances have fitted him And a regular Barnum's circus crowd roars over the whole performance

George W Cole, the President of the Merchants Detective Association, is authority for the statement that if the Grand Jury at Columbus, Ohio, does its duty it will bring indictments against a dozen men prominent in Ohio politics, for complicity in the election frauds in Ohio Mr Cole said that the trial conducted in Columbus some time ago was a mere farce Mr Cole denies that any of the work was done in the penitentiary at Columbus, but positively declares that each of the tally sheets was tampered with with the full knowledge of not less than thirteen of the leading Democratic politicians in Ohio Of these, seven live in Columbus, five in Cincinnati and the others elsewhere Cole denied that any member of the Republican party is implicated in any way, and positively asserts that the only connection any of the Republicans had with the matter was in prosecuting the guilty men. He was decidedly of the opinion that the frauds for which "Joe" Mackin is now doing time in Joliet were of the most insignificant character when compared with those in Ohio, and declares that when the Grand Jury makes its final report the disclosure will create a tremendous sensation, not only in Ohio but throughout the country, as some of the best known men in that State are implicated, men whom people never suspected for a moment of being in any way concerned, in fact, men whose reputations were proof against suspicion.

Governor Foraker, of Ohio, says that talk about the war will not hurt the feelings of any man whose heart was in the right place during that bloody struggle

The Boston *Globe* feeling that the "possibilities, acquirements and conditions of the journals in Maine do not allow them to devote their time or the time of anybody connected with said journals to the thorough—as far as is possible—investigation of an affair" of the importance of the Dexter case, kindly sends a special reporter to this State to supply the deficiency Alive to the full significance of his mission the aforesaid reporter under a Bangor date thus proceeds to enlighten the heretofore clouded public mind as to the real status of the case from an inside standpoint

I rode up to the jail and was received very graciously by Sheriff Brown It was a beautiful morning, the sun had been up much earlier than I had and the gilded maple leaves were scattered about the gardens and streets of this picturesque city Outside the birds, or the few of them left, were singing, the skies were clear and bright But inside the opposite was true Two men, over whom the shadow of a crime, if not crimes, were up to catch a peep of the morning sun as it streamed upon the whitewashed walls of Penobscot's jail One of these men was doubtless thinking of a son who had placed him in his present difficulties, of a daughter now married and the mother of innocent children, of a life which recently had run into quiet, calm, peaceful and honest channels, only to be flooded with the accumulated waters of the past. He was waiting for some word of hope, some talisman that might bring comfort to his anxious mind, some open sesame which might liberate him from prison walls and make him a man again, sitting at his cobbler's bench

Having thus fairly launched himself in his missionary work the reporter sends off about four columns of matter made up of information almost as important as that contained in the paragraph quoted Surely the people of Maine owe a deep debt of gratitude to the *Globe* for supplying the astonishing lack of enterprise on the part of Maine journals which have so signally failed to inform their readers that singing birds do not constitute a regular feature of the attractions of life in our County jails, or that Stain would rather be pegging boots in Massachusetts then facing a trial on a charge of murder

About Certain Loose Talk

[New York Tribune]

Did any Republican paper ever suggest that rain would stop falling, corn wouldn't grow and railroads wouldn't run if the Democratic party came into power? We doubt it Just now the Democratic papers are saying in chorus that because none of these things have happened Republican predictions of disasters to result from "a change have not been fulfilled and the party has lost its strongest argument against Democracy

But the Democratic party is not in power and has not been for twenty-six years It is true that it controls the Executive Department The results there enable us to form a conception, though only a faint one of what it would mean to have the Government Democratic all the way through It does not, however, control the Legislative Department The Republicans still have a majority in the Senate, and this has stood like a rock in the way of reckless tariff and financial legislation by the House It does not control the Judicial Department The Judges of the Supreme and other United States courts are, most of them, in sympathy with the ideas which unflinchingly sustained a four years' war to preserve the Constitution and the Union

Is any man sure that he knows just what will happen if the Democratic party shall have full swing? Suppose that, both a Democratic President and a Democratic House should be chosen next year, that enough Legislatures should go Democratic to turn the Senate also The Supreme Court would soon go the same way There will be two Democrats on the bench when the existing vacancy is filled, and as three of the Justices have reached the retiring age, the next President is likely to have the appointment of their successors—thus making the Court Democratic

That is worth thinking about How many intelligent voters ever stop to ask themselves what a Democratic Supreme Court would mean? Consider for a moment the record of the party on the war, and war legislation, on repudiation, on inflation Consider the records of the Southern Democrats, in particular, upon these questions and remember that they own, as they always have done nine-tenths of the brains of the party Then ask your self what a Supreme Court dominated by such men may not mean, in reversing principles which hundreds of thousands of lives were sacrificed to establish, in impairing our National credit, in bringing disorder into our finances Are these fears exaggerated? Judge for yourself It is everywhere assumed, and has never been denied, that Mr Cleveland intends to nominate Mr Lamar in Justice Woods place—Mr Lamar, who, only a few weeks before he entered the Cabinet, declared on the floor of the Senate that "nobody should rise and in his presence call Jefferson Davis a traitor without meeting a stern and decided denial," who stood by, in 1875, and saw his State repudiate its debts without a word of protest, though as a leader of his party his protest might easily have been effectual Do the people of the North want to see the Supreme Court pass into the hands of men who are still blatant rebels twenty years after the war has closed and repudiationists at that? This will be one of the great questions which conscientious voters will be called upon to decide next year Thus far the Democrats have been to a large extent held in check by the Republicans. Who knows what may not follow in the way of reckless and unjust legislation and interpretation as well as administration, if all these checks are removed?

But even then rain would still fall, corn would grow and railroads would run trains No one expects universal bankruptcy and starvation to follow a change of Administration Every wise man knows, however, that one Administration may mean great prosperity, and another less prosperity or even adversity Would the people who argue that it makes no difference who runs the country take that view about the New York Central Railroad, if they were leading stockholders? Would they say "This is a great railroad It is bound to prosper Business is sure to come along It makes no difference who the president, directors and managers are Anybody will do?" If they acted on this principle, their dividends would soon show them their sad mistake. And the stockholders in the United States—for every voter has a share—will have the same experience, if they put the whole Government into the hands of a party noted for its inexperience, its ignorance, its instability and its recklessness.

Special Notices.

EXCURSIONS EVERY WEEK.

Free sleeping cars Money and time saved by going with special personally conducted parties Only two changes, Maine to California. Select California parties with experienced conductors, will start November 1st, 7th, 14th and 29th, and December 13th, 19th and 26th Single passage tickets also round trip tickets, good six months, at very low rates For full particulars, rates, etc, apply personally or address,

A. W. BENSON,

Ticket Agent, M C R R., Bangor, Me
sept13 tf MW&S&w

THE DEBATE SHORT.

While a man is debating with himself whether to insure or not, his life is steadily shortening and his risk increasing. Sickness or death may come to morrow Let the debate be short. Endeavor for the best and provide for the worst Insure now —*Traveler*
Come and insure in the

CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE INS. CO.

F. N. FAIRBANKS, General Agent

BANGOR, ME
oct22 sn 1w

Bangor & Piscataquis Railroad.

ARRANGEMENT OF TRAINS
STANDARD TIME

On and after MONDAY, October 24th, 1887

Passenger train leave Bangor, Maine Central Depot, at 7 20 A M., Exchange Street, 7 25 A M for Greenville and intermediate stations arriving in Dover at 10.05 A M and Greenville at 12 00 noon Katahdin Iron Works 10 15 A M

Passenger train leave Greenville at 1.30 P M Dover at 3 25 P M, Katahdin Iron Works 2 40 P M, arriving in Bangor, Exchange street, at 6 07 P M connecting with Maine Central Railroad for Portland and Boston

A Mixed Train leaves Bangor, Exchange Street, at 12 25 P M, arriving in Dover and Foxcroft at 5 10 P M and Greenville at 7.55 P M, Katahdin Iron Works, 6 08 P. M

A Mixed Train leaves Greenville at 3.30 A M and Dover and Foxcroft at 6 25 A M, Katahdin Iron Works, 5 25 A M, arriving in Bangor, Exchange Street, at 11 10 A M

Railway connection at Monson Junction with the Monson Rail oad

STAGE CONNECTIONS

At South Sebec, daily, for Sebec Village and Barnard
At Abbot Village, daily for Willimantic
At Guilford, daily for Parkman
ARTHUR BROWN, Supt
july18 1887

THE Attention of Investors

is respectfully called to a carefully selected and very desirable list of

BONDS

And other first class

SECURITIES,

including

Bank and Railway

STOCK,

which we now offer for sale
Holders of TRUST FUNDS are especially requested to call and examine these securities before deciding upon an investment

Blake, Barrows & Brown,

9 CENTRAL ST.,

BANGOR, - - MAINE
sept13 sn

Coal Notice.

We are now prepared to deliver

Any Kind of Coal Wanted

from our new yard in Bangor, and solicit your orders.

Telephone connection.

E. & K. STETSON,

Office with D. M. Howard,

Exchange Block
sept1 Com copy sn tf

I SPEAK FIRST

—FOR—

CHRISTMAS!

Instruction in every kind of Art Needle Work Splendid Line of Art Materials All the Latest Patterns for Stamping A new establishment for the manufacture of Children's Dresses in the very latest fashions *Satisfaction guaranteed*

MRS ROBINSON,

No. 1 Middle Street.
oct sn 4w*

Bangor's Favorite is Still on Deck,

Eastern Ammonia Pepsin

Those who used it last season and learned its splendid merits for Coughs Colds and Sore Throat, its wonderful effect on Sick Children are again calling for it without even a reminder
Now that October's beautiful colored leaves remind us that we must look out for colds, do not fail to try it Prepared from Pure Wintergreen

25 CENTS PER BOTTLE

A. M. ROBINSON, Jr.,

No. 1 Granite Block.
oct5 sn MWTh&S

Special Notice,

Penobscot Steam Navigation Co.

Bangor, Hampden, Winterport and Frankfort Route.

CHANGE IN TIME TABLE.

On and after MONDAY, October 17th.

Steamer "ISMA" will be withdrawn from the route, and Steamer "LITTLE BUTTERCUP," Capt Higgins, will run as follows

LEAVING

Frankfort for Bangor at 6.30 A M
Winterport for Bangor a 7 00 A M
Hampden for Bangor at 8 00 A M 1 00 P M

RETURNING LEAVES

Bangor for Hampden at 11.00 A M and 4 00 P M
Bangor for Winterport and Frankfort, at 4 00 P M
CHAS E FIELD, Passenger Agent.
oct14 Com copy tf

Bangor and Rockland Line

ONE ROUND TRIP DAILY.

(Sunday Excepted.)

The Steamer "MARY MORGAN" being unable to run at present, Tylor Wasgatt, Manager of the Line, has arranged for the Penobscot Steam Navigation Company's

Steamer "M. & M."

to make daily trips as above, until further notice leaving their dock at Bar Harbor Wharf, at 8 A. M.
CHAS. E. FIELD,
Passenger Agent, P. S. N. Co.
oct5

Fine Dress Goods

Choice Colors.

JOSEPH F. SNOW'S, Main Street.
oct8 sn tf

PICTURES!

Artotype Etchings and Engravings, Photographs, Engravings, Oleographs, Chromos, Oil Paintings.

Fine Frames Made to Order at Short Notice.

No. 3 State Street. MARSTON & GORHAM.
oct21 sn

THE LATEST MILLINERY MODES

CAN BE HAD AT

NO. 2 MIDDLE STREET, of MRS. E. STEVENS.
oct19

ENGLISH FINGERING YARN!

THE BEST YARN MADE,

—AT—

DWELLEY & CO.'S.
oct19

KORRECT! O. K.!

At this season it is

Klothing that you want, and it is
Komfort you desire You want to be
Korrect in style, also
Knobby in appearance Then come
Kash in hand and
Kalm and collected taking time to
Kriticize the goods If you
Know good bargains you can
Kalculate your chances, and finally you will
Kooly walk off with a
Konsiderable stock for which you
Keed not have much
Kash with us

Boston Goods! Boston Make! Boston Styles! Boston Fits! Boston Prices!

Boston One Price Clothing Co.,

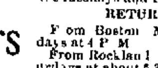
HENRY E. TURNER & CO., Prop'rs.

32 MERCANTILE SQUARE, OPPOSITE WOOD, BISHOP & CO
oct17 KOLD WEATHER IS KOMING! sn

Boston & Bangor S. S. Co.

CHANGE IN TIME.

Three Trips a Week to Boston.



Commencing Friday October 21st 1887 Steamers will leave Bangor for Hampden Winterport, Bucksport Searsport Belfast, Camden Rockland and Boston on Mondays Wednesdays and Fridays at 11 A M

RETURNING TO BANGOR

From Boston Mondays Wednesdays and Fridays at 4 P M

From Rockland Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at about 5.30 A M touching at Camden, Belfast Searsport Bucksport, Winterport and Hampden

HENRY T SANBORN Agent Bangor
CALVIN AUSTIN Agent Boston
WILLIAM H HILL Jr, General Manager Boston
oct20

STATE OF MAINE

OFFICE OF SECRETARY OF STATE
AUGUSTA, Oct 13th 188

By Order of the Governor—

Notice is hereby given that a petition of thirty or more citizens of Penobscot County asking for the appointment of Special Constables for said County is now pending before the Governor and Council and a hearing thereon will be granted in the Council Chamber at Augusta on the 25th inst at 10 o clock A M

ORAMANDAL SMITH
Secretary of State
oct13 tf sn

DR. HANSON,

Physician and Surgeon.

—OFFICE AT RESIDENCE—

NO. 70 HAMMOND STREET

Where he has resided the past fourteen years
OFFICE HOURS—Noons and Evenings
sept28 sn 1m*

EASTERN TRUST

—AND—

BANKING COMPANY,

—OF—

BANGOR, MAINE,

Transacts All Kinds of Business Relating to Finance.

Loans funds on real estate or personal security Buys and sells railroad town county and business corporation loans stocks bonds and investment securities in general

Allows Interest on Deposits.

Receives deposits subject to check upon which interest is allowed and is by its charter made a legal depository for funds held by officers of towns counties and courts and persons holding funds in a fiduciary capacity Discounts commercial paper makes collections throughout the world and buys and sells foreign exchange

Acts as executors of wills, administrator guardian or trustee in probate, assignee in insolvency, trustee under mortgages and as fiscal agent of cities municipal and business corporations and individuals

FRANCIS H CLERGUE, President
SPRAGUE ADAMS, Vice President
ROWLAND W STEWART Secretary
CHARLES D CROSBY, Assistant Treas
sep21 sn

NEW YORK & BANGOR S. S LINE.

—THE A 1—

Steamship Lucy P. Miller,

will sail

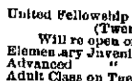
FROM BANGOR,

(and River and Bay ports)

FOR NEW YORK.

direct,

Saturday, October 22.



Leaving Pier 15, East River, New York, on return trip for Bangor and Bay and River ports,

WEDNESDAY, October 26

Shippers are afforded speedy transportation, with no re-handling of Merchandise low freight rates and most favorable terms of Insurance by this ship

Future sailing dates from New York and Bangor, will be advertised to afford the public ample time to order goods shipped

Fare to New York, $5.00.

For freight or passage apply to
H C QUIMBY & CO,
19 Exchange Street Bangor,
or F H SMITH & CO
31 South Street, New York,
aug25 sn tf

Andrews' School for Dancing and Deportment.

United Fellowship Hall, Lewis Block, Main St.
(Twenty First Season)
Will re open on Saturday Oct. 15th 1887
Elementary Juvenile Class, from 2.30 to 4 P M
Advanced " " " 4 15 " 6
Adult Class on Tuesday evening at 7.30
For terms, etc, please call or send for circulars
Respectfully M H ANDREWS
oct10 tf

Taxes for 1887.

COLLECTOR'S NOTICE.

The Assessors of the City of Bangor have committed to me the TAX BILLS for the year 1887, under date of October 1st, 1887, and by a vote of the City Council I am authorized to make a discount of TEN PER CENT on all Taxes paid

On or before TUESDAY, November 1, 1887.

and FIVE PER CENT or all Taxes paid after November 1, 1887 and

On or before, THURSDAY, December 1, 1887,

JOHN L CROSBY, Collector
Bangor, October 1, 1887
oct3 Com copy d&w2m

MARRIED.

In Brewer, Oct. 20th, at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. James A Mayo, by Rev. A A. Lewis, Mr. Gilbert T Phipps of Dorchester, Mass, and Miss Lena F. Mayo of Brewer

DIED.

In this city, Oct 21st, Mr. Cyrus Hews, Jr, aged 65 years
Funeral Sunday afternoon at 1 o'clock, from the meeting house in North Hermon. Relatives and friends invited.

In this city, Oct. 20th, Mary A., wife of Geo. L. Perkins, aged 59 years.
Funeral this afternoon at 2½ o'clock from her mother's, Mrs. Driscoll's residence, on Maple St.

In this city, Oct 20th, Mary E., infant daughter of Wm. J. and Nellie M Ryan, aged 11 days.
Funeral this forenoon at 10 A. M., from John Lyon's residence on Hazel Lane.

In Bradley, Oct. 20th, Mrs. Eliza Knapp, aged 64 years, 3 months and 20 days.
Funeral Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock, at her late residence in Bradley.

Marine Journal.

PORT OF BANGOR.

FRIDAY Oct 21

ARRIVED

Steamer Lucy P Miller, Rogers New York
Steamer Lewiston Ingraham Boston
U S S Levi Woodbury Warner Rockland
Sch July Fourth Atwood Belfast

CLEARED

Steamer Katahdin Pierce Boston
Sch Thomas W Hyde Sherman Nassau T I Stewart & Co
Sch Wm Slater Small New York Adams & Co
Sch Julia M Fiske Hawes, Tiverton, J H Frawley
Sch Vicksburg, Chandler Norwalk C G Sterns & Co
Sch Frank Williams Boston D Sargent & Son
Sch Mariel Nutter Cambridgeport Hincks & Co
Sch Gertrude, Crockett Rockport

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

Monetary Quotations

New York Oct 21 Money on call ranging from 3½ a5 per cent closing at 4a
Prime Mercantile paper 6 a 8
Sterling Exchange quiet — 0 00 a 4 81½ for 60 days and 4 85½a4 85½ for demand
Government bonds dull and firm
Railroad bonds dull and firm

STOCKS			
Adams Express	140	Oregon Trans C nt'l	23½
American Express	107	Pacific Mail	35½
Central Pacific	31½	Panama	
Ches & Ohio	5	Pullman Palace	148½
Chicago Alton	132½	Reading	61½
" preferred	160	Rock Island	114½
Chic Bur & Quincy	128½	St Louis & San Fran	35
Del Hudson	99½	Preferred	68½
Del Lack	126	1st preferred	111
Den & Rio Grande	22½	St Paul	73½
Erie	2 ½	Preferred	114½
" preferred	63½	St Paul Minn & Man	100½
Ills Central	16½	St Paul & Omaha	37½
Ind Bloom & Westn	14	Preferred	104
Lake Erie & Westn	143½	Texas Pacific	24
Lake Shore	92½	Union Pacific	48½
Louisville & Nash	58½	U S Express	69
Manhattan El	103	Wabash, St L & Pac	16
Mich Cent	84	Preferred	30
Minn & S L	10	Western Union	77
Preferred	20½	BONDS	
Mo Pacific	91	Threes	000
N J Cent	73½	4s reg	126
Northern Pac	21½	4s Coup	126½
Preferred	44½	4½s reg	108
Northwestern	08	4½s coup	108
Preferred	140	Cent Pac 1sts	114
N Y Cent	106½	Den & Rio G 1sts	121
N Y Chic & St L	15½	Erie Seconds	98½
Preferred	13½	Kan Pac Consols	101
Ohio Cent		Oregon Nav 1sts	109½
Ohio & Miss	28½	Union Firsts	114½
Ont & Westn	15	Union Land Grants	
		Union Sink Fund	

New York Produce Market.

NEW YORK Oct 21 FLOUR — Receipts, 16 690 exports, 10,220—sales 21 000—No 2, 3 00a 3 40, super fine Western and State 2.50a3 10, common to good extra Western and State, 3 00a3 50 good to choice do 3 00a4 90, common to good extra Ohio, 3 00a 4 75; common to choice white wheat Western, extra, 4 40a4 00 common to choice extra St Louis 3 30a4 75 City mill extra 4 15 a 4.35, winter wheat extra, 3 00 a 3 40, Minnesota extra, 3 00 a 4 90 Southern steady—sales 350—Common to fair ex ra, 3.30a3 90 good to choice do, 4 00a5 00
Rye flour firm
WHEAT—receipts 60 170, exports, 298 309, sales 200,000 No 2 Chicago 82¼ a, No 3 Red 82 a 82½, No 2 Red, 83 a 83¼, No 1 Red, 88¼, No 1 white, 88a00
Rye dull
BARLEY dull — sales 133 000 — No 2 Canada, 00a00 6 rowed State 00a00
CORN—sales 256,000—No 2, 52⅝a°3½ store, 52¾a 53½ yellow, 52½
OATS — sales 149 000, No 3, 2¾a 00 white 34¼a34½, No 2 32¾ a 00 white do, 34¾ a 35, 00, No 1, 00a00, No 1 white, 3 a 00, mixed western, 32a34, white do, 35a40, white State 39a00
SUGAR firm — Standard A, 6 a 00, granu 6¼ 00a, powdered, 60 a 6⅞, cut loaf, 7 a 00 00, crushed, 7 a 00 confectioners, 6⅞ yellow, 4⅝a4⅞
MOLASSES —sales 00 bbls —Orleans,
PETROLEUM — United, 74¼ a refined, 00a 00 crude in barrels 5⅝a6¼
TALLOW steady—sales 00 lbs 4½ choice, 3½
PORK steady—sales 500 bbls —Mess, P T, 15 00a old, 15 75a16.50 new
Beef dull
LARD dull—Western steam, 6 60 a 6 70 refined 6 85a0 00, cont, 7.30a8 00
BUTTER quiet — Western, 12 a 27, State, 17 a 20½ Creamery, 16a10½
CHEESE firm — State 8a10½, Western, 11½a0

Chicago Produce Market

CHICAGO, Oct 21 Flour firm
WHEAT — Regular, 00 a 00, No Chicago Spring, 71⅛a 71¾ No 3 Spring, 64, No 2 Red, 00a73
CORN —No 2, 00a40⅜
OATS—No 2 25⅛a00
RYE—No 2 50½a51
BARLEY—No 2 70a00
PORK 13 00a13 25
LARD—00a6.35

"What Everybody Says Must be True."

The Universal Verdict is that

Cream Java

COFFEE,

Is the Best and Cheapest Coffee for the Price

35 Cents a Pound,

They Ever Bought.

It never was so good as now. Fresh roasted by Ourselves at our own

Coffee and Spice Mills

The Only One in the City.

Try it and You will be Convinced that the above statement is True.

TEA WHITE.
oct8

PRINTING of every description, neatly and cheaply executed, at the Whig & Courier Job Office, Post Office Avenue. B. A. BURR, Proprietor.

Entertainments.

OPERA HOUSE.
FRANK A. OWEN MANAGER.

Wednesday Evening, October 26.

Engagement of the World Famed

Jubilee Singers,

From FISK UNIVERSITY, Nashville, Tenn.

For one of their INIMITABLE CONCERTS

This is the Original Company

that devoted over $150,000 of its earnings to the building of Fisk University that made two wonderfully successful tours abroad, the guests of KINGS and QUEENS and PRIME MINISTERS, and that sang by special invitation for PRESIDENTS GRANT, HAYES, GARFIELD and ARTHUR.

"I never so enjoyed music"
Rev Chas H. Spurgeon
That music touches It takes hold "
Crown Prince of Germany
"Their songs open the fountain of tears"
Rev Theo L Cuyler D D
TICKETS 50 CENTS
Seats on sale Monday morning, 24th inst
oct22 sn

OPERA HOUSE.
FRANK A. OWEN MANAGER.

Monday and Tuesday, Oct. 24 and 25

Greatest Production of the Season.

L R SHEWELL S Successful Melo Drama,

SHADOWS

—OF A—

GREAT CITY,

Under the management of CHAS and THOS JEFFERSON sons of the celebrated Comedian, Mr JOSEPH JEFFERSON Presented by

THE "ORIGINAL" CAST.

Magnificent Scenic Effects.

Including Localities in and about New York City
Regular Prices—Seats on sale Friday morning 21st inst oct20

FOR THE

Championship of America

—AND—

$2,000 Stakes.

GRAND

BOAT RACE

—BETWEEN—

TEEMER and GAUDAUR

—AT—

Lake Maranacook,

Thursday, Oct. 27, 1887.

A Great Day for the People of Maine.

Early Morning Trains to the Lake may be taken from all points or specials to run as follows Leave Bangor at 10 20 A M Carmel 10 Etna 11.00 Newport 11 20, Pittsfield 11 33 Burnham 11.47 Clinton 11 56 Waterville 12 20 P M Special to return to Waterville Skowhegan Gardiner Bath Portland and Bangor after the race

The Usual Low Fares for Such Occasions

will be in effect viz Bangor $1 75 Newport Pittsfield and Skowhegan $1 00 Waterville 75 cents other stations in proportion

THREE BANDS OF MUSIC.

Chandler's of Portland, Brigade of Lewiston and the Bangor Band will enliven the occasion with their choicest music
oct20 6t

ANNUAL SEASON OF LOW FARES

On the Steamers of the

Boston and Bangor Steamship Co,

To enable all to view the

SIXTEENTH EXHIBITION

—OF THE—

Massachusetts Charitable Mechanic Association,

See the Sights and Attractions of the Metropolis make their Fall and Winter Purchases and Visit their Friends

The Steamers of this line will make a series of Excursions from Bangor and all River Landings, commencing Monday October 17th 1887, at greatly reduced rates of fare

From Bangor Hampden, Winterport and Bucksport to Boston and Return, including admission to the Fair, $3
From Searsport to Boston and Return including admission to the Fair 3 50
From Belfast to Boston and Return including admission to the Fair 3 25
From Camden to Boston and Return including admission to the Fair, 3 00
From Rockland to Boston and Return including admission to the Fair, 2 75

Every trip will be an Excursion trip until November 11th

Steamers leave Bangor at 11 A M daily except Sunday, until Oct 21st, then Mondays Wednesdays and Fridays

Tickets will be good to return at any time until Dec 1st, 1887

It is expected that these remarkably low fares will be largely availed of Make up your parties now, write to your friends when to expect you and enjoy a delightful journey
HENRY T SANBORN, Agent Bangor
CALVIN AUSTIN Agent Boston
WILLIAM H HILL Jr, General Manager, Boston
oct14

TEA, COFFEE

—AND—

HOUSEHOLD WARE.

Housekeepers can Find Anything they Want at Our

Tea and Coffee Store

25 West Market Square.

UP ONE FLIGHT.

JAS. S. STAPLES.
oct22

George C. Napfey & Sons'

PURE

LEAF LARD,

Is Guaranteed absolutely free from all adulterations and the best for FAMILY use.

50, 10, 5 and 3 Pound

PAILS.

Every one should call for and take no other.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

—BY—

THOMPSON & KELLOGG.

14 and 16 Central Street.

BANGOR, MAINE.
oct23

L. P. HOLLANDER & CO.,

FINE DRESS GOODS,

BROADCLOTHS, CAMEL'S HAIRS, ENGLISH SERGES, ETC.,

In All the Newest Colorings

CASHMERES,

Street and Evening Shades

SILKS, PLUSHES, VELVETS,

For Combinations

WOOL PLAIDS AND STRIPES,

With Plain to Match

MOURNING GOODS,

Including Several New Fabrics

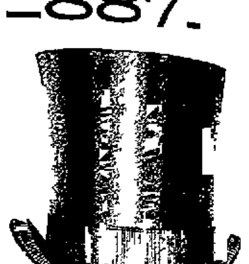
This Department is one of the most important of our [illegible] sent the latest novelties of the foreign markets Many [illegible] quantities and cannot be found in other houses Our [illegible] low as can be found elsewhere for the same quality [illegible] with the exception of Plushes

L. P. HOLLANDER & CO,

82 & 83 Boylston St. and Park Sq, Boston Mass
oct18

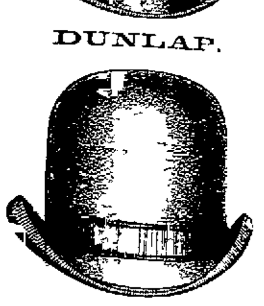
FALL 1887.

BROADWAY.



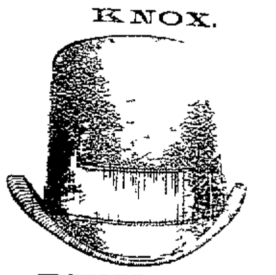
DUNLAP.

WILCOX.



KNOX.

YOEMAN.



DUNLAP.

Above Styles in all Grades and Fashionable Specialties in

Stiff, Flexible and Soft Hats,

In all the New Shapes and Colors

Also a Line of Hats Manufactured by J B. Stetson

ADAMS BROTHERS.

PRACTICAL HATTERS.

4 BOWMAN BLOCK.
oct

ROOM PAPERS.

Window Shades, Upholstery Goods, Drapery, Curtains, &c.

W. O. WARREN, - - 27 MAIN STREET
july 27

WE CAN NOW SHOW

The Finest Stock of Millinery Ever Shown in Bangor

19 Main Street, - C. W. COFFIN
oct20 Store Open Saturday Evening Only

Congress Has Given a Gold Medal

to a member of our craft but it was not for his work [illegible] Isaac Babbitt a Taunton Mass jeweler who was awarded [illegible] for the discovery of the useful alloy that bears his [illegible] medals are given by Congress for fine workmanship [illegible] for the Solid Gold Jewelry they make to order [illegible] up with that Christmas order, please

24 Main Street, - - JNO TEBBETS & CO
oct20

If You Want the Best Pianos,

ORGANS AND SEWING MACHINES,

That skilled labor experience and [illegible]
Please call at No. 76 Main Street.

We are sole Agents for the leading first-class makes [illegible] sharpest competition
Tuning Repairing, Packing and Moving promptly attended
L. J. WHEELDEN CO.
apr15

THIS SATURDAY

That we Give a Pound of

Oyster Crackers,

To Every Customer who Buys a Quart of

OYSTERS.

Alfred Jones' Sons,

No. 5 Pickering Square.
oct23 1t

EXHAUSTED VITALITY.

A Great Medical Work for Young and Middle Aged Men.

KNOW THYSELF.

More Than One Million Copies Sold

More Than One Million Copies Sold.

It treats upon Nervous and Physical Debility Exhausted Vitality, Impaired Vigor and Impurities of the Blood, and the untold miseries consequent thereon Contains 300 pages, substantial embossed binding, full gilt. Warranted the best popular medical treatise published in the English language. Price only $1 by mail post-paid and concealed in a plain wrapper Illustrative pamphlet prospectus free if you send now

PUBLISHED by the PEABODY MEDICAL INSTITUTE, NO. 4, Bulfinch Street, Boston, Mass WM. H. PARKER, M. D., Consulting Physician, to whom all orders should be addressed.
june9 MWF&wly

For Rent.

A desirable tenement of eight rooms, vacant Nov. 1st. Rent $15 a month with stable. Enquire at 74 OHIO STREET
oct20

Millinery.

OPENING

Millinery Goods,

—AT—

MISS C GALLAGHER'S

NO 36 MAIN STREET

FRIDAY and SATURDAY
oct

Millinery Opening!

Mrs A. E. MILLS [illegible]
[illegible]
121 MAIN STREET
SATURDAY OCT [illegible]
oct

FALL DISPLAY

Trimmed Hats and Bonnets Ribbons Plushes &c

TUESDAY, Oct 18th 1887

H. E. SEAVEY,

72 Main Street
oct11

Stetson Hall.

Granite Block [illegible] any day not engaged [illegible] Apply at Room No [illegible] Block
oct22

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN [illegible] house with all and [illegible] utes walk from the [illegible]
A E HARDY 4 Franklin Str [illegible]
oct2

FOR SALE A [illegible] Refrigerator a Parlor Suit and other [illegible] articles A E GILMAN [illegible]
oct22

WEDDING

Invitations engraved or printed
W W DAVIS & CO Engravers
43 West Street, Boston
Send for samples and estimates
sept12 eod 2m

Whig and Courier.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER, 22, 1887.

BY TELEGRAPH.

MAINE NEWS.

THE DEXTER CASE.

Preparing for the Hearing.

Young Stain Leaves Augusta for Dexter.

He Says He Has More to Tell.

DEXTER, Oct. 21. Attorney General Baker and County Attorney Appleton spent hours to-night in examining to-morrow's evidence. Mr. Baker had no doubt that Barron's murderers are under arrest. Ex-Governor Plaisted is also quite positive. They think Cromwell may weaken. He paces his cell constantly. It is said he had rather do anything than face the crowd to-morrow.

Charles F. Stain.

AUGUSTA, Oct. 22—2 A. M. Charles F. Stain was brought here yesterday afternoon by Thaddeus Hammond, of Readfield, to take the afternoon train for Dexter. Not finding Anson Goddard, Attorney General Baker or others interested in his whereabouts, here, he returned to Readfield and gave himself into the custody of Deputy Sheriff Hawes, of that town, who came to Augusta at midnight with him and will accompany him to Dexter on the morning 2.15 train. A reporter of the Kennebec Journal intervewed him. He says immediately after his confession became public

He went to Bangor

with his wife and child and next day all went to Gorham, Maine, where they have since been. Thursday they went to Readfield and remained until this afternoon. His wife and child are now there at the home of her sister. He says he dreads to see his father at the trial to-day; that his father would kill him if he had a chance. He says his father has been a criminal since he was seventeen years old; that he, Stain, has important testimony to give soon in relation to a gang of counterfeiters. He says Harvey will tell a straight story and that there will be plenty of testimony to corroborate what he has said. It is reported here that Cromwell will to-day tell the whole story of his connection with the Stain gang.

2.15 A. M. Deputy Sheriff Hawes has just left on the train for Dexter, accompanied by Stain.

FROM BIDDEFORD

A Woman Frightfully Burned.

BIDDEFORD, Oct. 21. Mrs. Joseph E. Mitchell met with a frightful accident to-day, which will undoubtedly result fatally. She was rebuilding the kitchen fire with kerosene, when the flames flashed up and caught her dress. She became unconscious from fright, but rushed out doors and rolled on the ground until the fire was extinguished. Nearly all of her clothing was burned from her body. Her husband and son reside in Charlestown, Mass.

FROM SACO.

Farm Buildings Burned.

SACO, Oct. 21. Fire at two o'clock this morning destroyed buildings on the Tibbetts farm, two miles from this city, owned by Oliver Hamilton. The Saco fire department turned out, but no water could be obtained. Only a little furniture was saved. The fire originated in the barn and was undoubtedly set by an incendiary. Loss $3000, partly insured.

FROM ROCKLAND.

Collision of Schooners Reported.

ROCKLAND, Oct. 21. Schooner Warner Moore, Captain Crockett, arrived here to-day from Windsor, with plaster, for New York. While anchored in West Bay, seventeenth instant, schooner Faustina drifted on to her. The Faustina was badly injured but the Warner Moore was uninjured.

FROM LIVERMORE FALLS.

Death of an Old and Prominent Citizen.

LIVERMORE FALLS, Oct. 21. Solomon Nash, a prosperous farmer and extensive stock raiser, residing in Jay, died of lung fever last night. Deceased was widely known in this section of the State. His funeral will occur Sunday. He was aged seventy-two years.

MAINMAST GONE.

Schooner Ida A June in Trouble.

PROVIDENCE, R. I. Oct. 21. Schooner Ida A June, Captain Hill, from Rockland for New York with lime, anchored off Block Island this morning to keep from being driven ashore. Her mainmast is gone.

FROM THOMASTON

Death of an Old Shipmaster.

THOMASTON, Oct. 21. Captain Peter Vesper, a native of Sweden, one of Thomaston's old shipmasters died this afternoon aged [illegible] years.

CANADA.

Lieutenant Governor of Quebec.

OTTAWA, Ont., Oct. 21. Judge Augers has been appointed Lieutenant-Governor of Quebec.

THE CHICAGO ANARCHISTS.

Application to the United States Supreme Court for Writ of Error.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21. The application to the United States Supreme Court for a writ of error in the Chicago anarchists' cases was made in open court shortly after noon, by Gen. Pryor, in behalf of the condemned prisoners. The points upon which he relied show that the cases involved federal questions which would give this court jurisdiction were, first, that the statute of Illinois relating to empanelment of juries makes it possible to try the prisoners with a partial and prejudiced jury, as was in fact done in this case, and that such a statute is obnoxious to the federal constitution; and second, that the prisoners were compelled to testify against themselves and criminate themselves, and that criminating evidence against them was obtained by the police from their private desks without search warrants, in violation of the constitutional provision that man shall not be deprived of life, etc., without due process of law. The Court directed Mr. Pryor to have printed at once the parts of the record which presented these questions and have copies ready for submission to the court to-day or early to-morrow morning.

A DESPERATE FIGHT.

Between Outlaws and a Vigilance Committee.

WAWALLA, Ind. Terr., Oct. 21. Desperate fight Thursday between Bud Trainer's outlaws and the vigilance committee. Fifteen were killed on each side.

POISONED BY PARIS GREEN.

A Whole Family Dead or Dying.

FINDLAY, Ohio, Oct. 21. Hon. Nate Fredericks and two children died this morning from the effects of paris green, eaten on cabbage. Mrs. Fredericks and two other children are at the point of death. Mr. Fredericks was a very prominent Republican.

FROM WASHINGTON.

News About the Capital.

Lawyer Manning Claiming Protection.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21. While Lord Herschel was discussing the silver question with Secretary Fairchild this afternoon, Jerome F. Manning, a Boston lawyer, rushed in demanding protection. Manning has a number of claims growing out of the Alabama awards and had called to see the Secretary. He told W. F. McLennan, chief of the Warrant Division that the Department had treated him unfairly and intimated that McLennan had been bribed. The latter began to pound Manning when the Bostonian escaped to the Secretary's room. The messenger showed him out.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

The Dead-Lock Broken.

CONCORD, Oct. 21. The House met at 9.30 this morning, agreeably to a vote taken yesterday afternoon. For an hour nothing was done, members occupying the time in conversation and otherwise. At half-past ten Mr. S. B. Page, of Haverhill, called for unfinished business. It being the motion to reconsider the motion for final adjournment at noon to-day. The motion to reconsider prevailed, on a viva voce vote, and the dead-lock that had existed between the Hazen and anti-Hazen bill men since Wednesday afternoon, on the question of final adjournment, was broken at 11.15. The Senate was then notified of the action of the House.

Messrs. Gulloway, of Manchester, Moore, of Nashua and Branch, of Weare, each rose to a question of privilege and denied the truth of certain statements made against them in two of the official papers of the Legislature. These denials created much excitement.

In the House this afternoon a resolution of thanks for the portrait of Gen. John A. Dix was passed.

A long discussion occurred on the free text book bill and a motion to indefinitely postpone was defeated on division, 102 to 112. The bill was made a special order for 11.30 Tuesday.

The Senate passed the bill authorizing the State Treasurer to make a temporary loan of $100,000.

Both branches adjourned until Monday evening, but no busness will be done before Tuesday morning. The general impression of members this afternoon is that the Legislature will adjourn finally next Friday.

AMERICAN SHIPPING AND INDUSTRIAL LEAGUE.

Doings at the Convention in Boston.

BOSTON, Oct. 21. The convention of the American Shipping and Industrial League met here to-day, Otis Inman, of the Boston Chamber of Commerce, presiding.

Mayor O'Brien welcomed the delegates. J. F. Bliss was chosen Secretary. Ten States were represented by 32 organizations and 150 delegates. Hon. R. S. Spofford, of Massachusetts, was chosen President and made and address, in which he discussed the decline of American Shipping and the various measures which had been proposed for its resuscitation.

Senator Frye, of Maine, followed Mr. Spofford in a brief speech. He said he had been doing all he could to lift up from death the American Merchant Marine, but ship owners were lying on their oars and doing nothing. Organized work was a power in this country and there was nothing to which Congress was more sensitive than the voice of the voting population. It is time that the American people woke up to the fact that unless a market is soon found for American manufactures outside of the country there would be an over-production that would be fatal. If we had all the ships we needed we could not sail them cheaply enough to compete with England.

The way to compete successfully was to have Congress put its hand into that great surplus and pay for sailing America's ships under the American flag.

It was a great task to get such a measure adopted but organized effort would accomplish it. A Committee on Resolutions was appointed and the meeting adjourned until 2 P. M.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

Steamer Alleghany Ashore.

BOSTON, Oct. 21. Capt. Taylor of the steamer Alleghany telegraphs from Chatham as follows: The Alleghany is ashore three and a half miles southwest by west from Chatham lights. She struck something off West Chop and was run ashore to keep from sinking. We want divers, lighters, steam pumps, and a tug at once. Think lower hold and lower between decks will fill. Think the ship can be saved and cargo in a damaged condition. The eight passengers are all well, and will send them ashore the first chance. The ship is damaged forward, but think not bad. Can be freed with wrecking pumps. Is in three fathoms of water.

The Steamer, Beached.

CHATAM, Mass., Oct. 21. Steamer Allegheny ashore here was floated at high tide and was beached again in a more sheltered position. Five passengers were landed this evening. The vessel and most of the cargo will be saved.

DISMASTED AT SEA.

A Captain Deserts His Vessel.

ANTWERP, Oct. 21. Norwegian bark Bravo which arrived to-day from Charleston, reports Sept. 26, lat. 38, lon. 49 west, picked up Captain Cunha, his wife, two sailors, and sixteen passengers of the American schooner Carrie W. Clark, from Fayal to Boston, which encountered a hurricane on Sept. 17, and, after terrific laboring, caused by tremendous seas, was dismasted, the mainmast breaking about thirty feet above the deck. The captain thought it best to desert the schooner, but the crew and passengers, to the number of thirty-six, remained aboard, refusing to leave her, depending upon what was left of the mainmast to rig a sail on and bring the vessel into port. The Clark belongs in Provincetown.

LODGED IN JAIL.

In Default of $500,000 Bail.

NEW YORK, Oct. 21. Charles G. Francklyn, who has for years been very well-known in New York social and business circles, and was until five or six years ago American agent of the Cunard Steamship line, was last night lodged in Ludlow street jail in default of $500,000 bail. The Sun says the suit in which Francklyn was arrested is brought by Sir Bache Cunard, to recover $3,000,000, alleged to have been wrongfully converted to his own use by Francklyn. Cunard is Francklyn's cousin, and the latter was formerly manager of the Cunard line

The allegation is that Francklyn misappropriated part of the money, as President of the Horn Silver Mining Company, in which Cunard had invested heavily. Stockholders have for over a year been trying to force Francklyn to explain an item of $648,667 on the books, which is "entered as accounts due the company." It is supposed that this amount represents a loan by Francklyn as President to himself as an individual, but no explanation has ever been obtained and the mystery attending the finances of the company has nearly ruined its stock.

Meanwhile Francklyn's credit had been lost, and though reputed wealthy, the man has been paying enormous rates of interest for call loans, sometimes as high as $5,000, for the use of $25,000 for thirty days. He is likely to live in Ludlow street jail for some time, as he tried in vain yesterday for several hours among his wealthy former friends to raise $1,000,000 necessary to release him upon $500,000 bail, as fixed by the court.

When Francklyn retired from the agency of the Cunard Line he was supposed to be worth $2,000,000. With Frank S. Brown he went into the silver mine company, which at first paid large dividends and it is understood that it was through his representations that the money of the Cunards was put into the company. It was at the cottage of Mr. Francklyn at Elberon that President Garfield died.

RAILROAD NEWS.

Troubles Settled in Oregon Amicably.

NEW YORK, Oct. 21. A joint contract was made yesterday between the Northern Pacific, Union Pacific and Oregon Navigation Companies, by which the latter corporation is leased and jointly operated by the two former, who guarantee six per cent per annum on the Oregon Navigation Co.'s stock. All questions between the Oregon and Trans-Continental will be settled amicably. The suits and counter suits will be withdrawn.

BASE BALL.

Friday's Record.

The World's Championship.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21. The St. Louis defeated the Detroits by a score of 10 to 4 this forenoon.

At Baltimore: Detroits, 3; St. Louis: 3. Base hits—Detroits 18; St. Louis 4. Errors—Detroits 7; St. Louis 7. Earned runs—Detroits 4; St. Louis 0. Batteries—Baldwin, Bennett and Ganzell; Foutz and Boyle.

Other Games.

At Philadelphia: Philadelphias, 17; Athletics, 2.

At Pittsburg: Pittsburgs, 6; Clevelands, 3.

Lowell's Short Stop Signs with Chicago.

LOWELL, Mass., Oct. 21. Hugh Duffy, Lowell's short stop, has signed with the Chicagos, receiving $500 advance.

BUSINESS FAILURES.

Record for the Past Week.

NEW YORK, Oct. 21. Bradstreet's reports show 196 failures in the United States for the past week, against 198, 164, 234 and 180 for the corresponding weeks in 1886, 1885, 1884 and 1883, respectively.

NEW YORK.

Killed While Defending his Sister.

NEW YORK, Oct. 21. John Barrett, the boy who was shot by an Italian while defending his sister from insult, died this morning.

National Universalist Convention.

The Nationalist Universalist Convention which closed a three days' session to-day, chose these officers of the General Convention for the coming year: President, Hosea W. Parker, of New Hampshire; Secretary, Rev. Dr. G. L. Demarest, of New Hampshire; Treasurer Stevenson Taylor, of New York. The convention will be held in Chicago next year.

A Telegraph War.

The Western Union has commenced a suit in the United States Court against the French Cable Company to enjoin them for interfering with the former's wire which runs from New York to Cape Cod. The French Company leased wires from the Western Union but was forced to give them up on account of a law in France which prohibits the French Company entering into a contract with an alien unless sanctioned by the Government. The French Company want to put up their own wires, and threatened to tear down the Western Union wires unless removed at once.

THE PRESIDENT'S TRIP.

Working His Way Home.

ASHVILLE, N. C., Oct. 21. The Presidential party reached here at quarter past ten o'clock this morning and were welcomed by the entire population and escorted through the streets of the city in carriages. They remained half an hour.

CONNECTICUT.

Suicide of a Prominent Lawyer.

NEW LONDON, Oct. 27. David H. Kellogg, Yale '76, a well known lawyer, committed suicide by shooting at the Crocker House this afternoon. Cause, insane from overwork.

ODDS AND ENDS.

Excavations in Jerusalem, on ground belonging to the Russian Government, have resulted in the discovery of the remains of an ancient town wall, and the position of "gates" to the town during life time of the Saviour, and through which Jesus passed to Golgotha.

THE WEATHER.

WAR DEPT. OFFICE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER, Washington, D. C., October 22—(1 A.M.)

Indications:

For Maine, New Hampshire and Massachusetts: Fair weather; cooler, followed by warmer, fresh to brisk northwesterly winds, high on coast. Storm signals at all stations from New York to Eastport.

New Advertisements

Naphey & Sons' pure leaf lard at Thompson & Kellogg's.

Tea White says Cream java coffee is the best and cheapest.

See change of time on the Bangor and Piscataquis Road.

This is the day Alfred Jones' Sons give away the crackers.

Willow and wooden ware of all kinds at James H. Snow & Co's.

Specially conducted excursions to California—inquire of A. W. Benson.

Choice Himalayan shawls at J. F. Snow's.

See notice furniture for sale.

House for sale—inquire of A. E. Hardy.

Tenement for rent—inquire at 74 Ohio street.

E. N. Fairbanks, of the Connecticut Mutual, is ready to insure your life.

See notice concerning Stetson Hall for rent.

WHOLESALE PRODUCE MARKET.

[Corrected semi-weekly by the Grocers' Association.]

SATURDAY, Oct. 22.

State Law Regarding Weights and Measures.

A bushel of Liverpool salt shall weigh 60 pounds and a bushel of Turks Island salt shall weigh 70 pounds.

The standard weight of a bushel of potatoes, in good order and fit for shipping, is 60 pounds.

The standard weight of a bushel of beans in good order and fit for shipping is 62 pounds. Of wheat, beets and peas, 60 pounds; of corn, 56 pounds; of onions, 52 pounds; of carrots, turnips, rye, and Indian meal, 50 pounds; of barley and buckwheat, 48 pounds; of oats, 32 pounds, or even measure as by agreement.

Country Produce.

APPLES—
Per barrel, $1.00 a 2.25.
BEANS—
Improved Yellow Eye, per bush. $1 50 to 1 70.
Pea, hand picked, per bush. 1 60 to 2 75.
BUTTER—
Choice new roll per lb., 20 to 22 cents.
Fair to good, do 19 to 20 do
CHEESE—
Best Factory, per lb., (new) 10 to 11 cents.
Best Dairy, per lb., (new) 10 to 11 cents.
DRIED APPLE—
Choice strung per lb., 6 to 8 cents.
Choice sliced, do 8 to 10 do.
EGGS—
Fresh laid, per dozen, 23 cents.
HAY—
Best loose, per ton, $12 00 to $13 00.
Best bales, do 13 00 to 14 00.
OATS—
Prime country, new, per bush., 35 to 40 cents.
Prime Western, do do 43 to 45
PEAS—
Improved per bush., $2 25.
Best Canada, whole, per bush., $1.15 to $1 30.
POTATOES—
Best Quality, per bushel, new, 60 to 65c.
PORK—
Round Hog per lb., 6¾ to 7 cents.
POULTRY—
Chicken, per lb., 12 to 15 cents.
Fowls, 8 to 10 cents.
Turkeys, per lb., 16 to 18do.
ONIONS—Per bush., 1.25.

Retail Prices Current.

SALT—
Bangor, ground in boxes, per box, 20 cents.
English butter salt, in 14 lb. bags, per bag, 25 cts.
English butter salt, in 56 lb. bags, per bag, 75 cts.
Liverpool, per bushel, 35 cents.
Turks Island, per bushel, 40 cents.
HERRING—
English, scaled, in boxes, per box, 25 cents
RAISINS—
Loose Muscatels, per lb., 18 to 20 cents
London Layers. do 20 to 25 do.
Sultana, do 18 to 20 do.
Valencia. do 8 to 10 do.
CURRANTS—English, per lb., 10 to 12 cents.
CRANBERRIES—Per quart, 10 a 12 cents.
POP CORN—
Best old cob per lb., 8 cents.
Best old, shelled, per qt., 15 cents.
KEROSENE OIL—
120 test, per gallon, 12 cents.
150 do do 15 do.
VINEGAR—
Pure cider, per gallon, 25 to 30 cents
Pure W. W. do 35 cents.
FLOUR—
Best Spring Haxalls, $5 75 to $6 00.
Best St. Louis, 5 25 to 5 75.
Good Family, 4 75 to 5 00.
CORN—
Full weight, 50 to 64cents.
CORN MEAL—
50 lbs. to bush., 60 to 60 cents.
SHORTS—
St. Louis bran in sacks, $1 10, 1 15 per hundred.
Milwaukee, $1 05, 1 15 per hundred.
MIDDLINGS—
Fine, $1 25 to 1 30 per hundred.
Coarse, 1 20 a 1 25 per hundred.
COTTON SEED MEAL—
In sacks of 100 lbs., at 1.40.

Breadstuffs, Grain, Etc.

OATMEAL—
Best Scotch, per lb., 5 cents.
Best Irish, do 5 do.
Best Canada, do 4 do.
Rye Meal, do 4 do.
Graham Flour, do 4 do.
Buckwheat Flour, do 5 do.
PORK—
Country, clear, do 10 and 11 cents.
Western, clear, do 10 and 11 cents.
LARD—
Bulk, from tierces, do 10 and 11 cents.
Home, in pails, do 10 and 11 cents.
SUGAR—
Granulated, do 7½ do.
Extra C do 7 do.

LOCAL MATTERS.

Mr. Asa Morton is expected to be present at the meeting for men in the Young Men's Christian Association rooms to-morrow afternoon.

The frame of the building of the Penobscot Boiler Company which was recently burned, is being torn down and the debris carted away.

Mr. Edward Angley and his crew of riggers are taking the foremast out of the schooner Alpine at Tewksbury's ship yard for the purpose of splicing it.

The case of Lewis F. Stratton et als. vs. Micajah Currier et als. reported in yesterday's WHIG, was continued before the Supreme Judicial Court yesterday.

The steamer Lucy P. Miller did not arrive from New York until about nine o'clock last night, having been delayed by the stormy weather and a heavy freight.

The G. A. R assembly, which was to have occurred last evening, was postponed to this evening, owing to the storm. This will be the second in the course now being given.

The only arrival in port yesterday was a small schooner from Belfast. There have been but few arrivals recently, although there is quite a number of vessels in the port.

The solo which Miss Coombs sang at the close of the service Sunday last, at the Unitarian Church, is one of the late compositions of Leopoldo Millilotte, the famous Italian master, who has been Miss Coombs' teacher for three years.

The Penobscot Valley Universalist Association meets at South Hope next Tuesday and Wednesday, October 25 and 26. Stanford Mitchell, the great Gospel Singer will be present and several ministers. Interesting meetings are expected.

The Odd Fellows are considering the question of either building a new hall or of moving from the one occupied by them at present. If the former should come to pass an excellent building will be erected. Nothing definite, however, has as yet been done in the matter.

North Penobscot Pomona Grange will meet with Forest Grange, of Lee, on next Wednesday. The public meeting which is to be held at half past one o'clock in the afternoon will be addressed by Hon. Frederick Roble. The occasion will undoubtedly be one of much interest and profit, and a large attendance is expected.

The death of Mr. Cyrus Hews, Jr., of this city, occurred yesterday at the age of sixty-five years. He was an old resident of Bangor and had lately been engaged in farming. He was formerly engaged in the lumbering business. The funeral services will be held at the church at North Hermon to-morrow afternoon at 1 o'clock.

The elegant reception given by Mrs. Charles W. Roberts, wife of Collector Roberts, at their handsome residence on State street yesterday afternoon, was very largely attended by her lady friends notwithstanding the heavy rain, and proved a brilliant and highly enjoyable social event. Caterer Murry provided refreshments in the most admirable style.

The fishway at the dam which was partly carried away by the freshet last spring is being rebuilt with hard pine timbers and boards. A new iron gate made at the Hinckley & Egery foundry will be put in. The work will be completed in five or six weeks. The new structure will be a great improvement over the old, both in strength and convenience. The water is quite low at the dam at present and good progress is being made in the work.

The brig Telos, which is on the way to this city with a cargo of coal for A. H. Babcock, will, after being discharged, be recoppered and probably recaulked. She will be put in the best condition possible for the winter's work. The brig Havilah, which is now being discharged of a cargo of coal for A. H. Babcock at the Maine Central wharf, will also be recoppered and recaulked in a short time at Stetson's ship yard.

A large amount of coal is being shipped over the Maine Central Railroad at present by our coal dealers to the various towns along the line of the road, which are getting in their fall and winter supply. The trade with many of the small towns, which but a few years ago amounted to hardly nothing, has greatly increased and is increasing more and more each year, Dexter is one of the towns which uses a large amount in proportion to its size.

The schooner Endeavor is being discharged at Maine Central wharf of a cargo of grind stones which came from Nova Scotia, where they are manufactured by a Boston company. The grindstones are being loaded upon the Maine Central Railroad flat cars as fast as brought from the vessel and sent to Oakland and Skowhegan, where they are disposed of. They are of various sizes and the cargo is being rapidly unloaded.

THE WEEKLY COURIER of this week is a very interesting number and contains the usual instructive and readable matter. Among its matters are the following: Full account up to date of the Dexter bank tragedy, with diagrams of the bank at the time of the tragedy; Supreme Judicial Court; editorials on leading topics of the day; the latest by telegraph; letters from correspondents; Farmer's meeting in Aroostook; marine journal; locals, etc. Copies in wrappers for mailing may be obtained at the counting room.

A party of fourteen members in all of the Maine Central Railroad officials, including General Manager Tucker, with Railroad Commissioners D. N. Mortland and A. W. Wildes, came to this city yesterday morning and left soon afterwards for a tour over the line to Vanceboro. A sumptuous dinner was served by Mr. G. W. Ross at his hotel in that place and the party was much pleased with its entertainment there. The party returned to this city last evening, spending the night here.

The revenue cutter Levi Woodbury arrived in this port yesterday afternoon about two o'clock, it being her first trip here of the season. The cutter is in command of the First Lieutenant, Captain Warner being ill at Rockland. The usual examination of the papers of the vessels in port was made yesterday and other business transacted. She will leave to-day for a trip to other points along the river and the coast. The Woodbury does good work while on the cruise and has had a number of opportunities during the season to do excellent service.

FINE ORCHARD. Mr. Warren L. Cobb, of Hampden, has one of the finest young orchards in this part of the State and this year its trees bore in all 575 bushels of apples of the different and best varieties. Five hundred bushels of grafted fruit have been hand assorted and barrelled, each barrel containing excellent specimens of the variety. The remaining seventy-five bushels will be used for making cider. The amount of fruit born this year by the trees in this orchard is quite a remarkable one, as the trees are all young. They have been given the best of care, however, by Mr. Cobb, and grafted with excellent judgment.

Mr. C. T. Mason, who has been the purser on the steamer Mount Desert, has received an appointment to the same position on the steamer Rockland. Mr. Mason joined the latter steamer yesterday.

SEWALL'S STEAM CAR HEATER. D. D. Sewall, president of the Sewall Car Heater Company, says: "We shall have the heater in operation the coming winter in an unbroken line from St. John, New Brunswick, to St. Louis, Missouri, besides which many roads are equipping trains with it, some of whom have adopted it, while others are making a test with a view to its adoption. The Maine Central are now busy equipping with it at their Waterville shops. Practical railroad men, well competent to judge, say we have the best appliance yet invented, and financially, we shall at the present outlook, pay a good dividend upon our stock this year."

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION. The welfare of the young men of our city is being thought of by the Young Men's Christian Association and active preparations are going on to give them something to do during the coming winter evenings that will be both profitable and entertaining. Classes in penmanship and book-keeping will be formed at once and young men of our city are most cordially invited to join either or both. If the good people in our community who are interested in the welfare of young men would only call their attention to these advantages and urge them to improve them much good would undoubtedly result.

ANCIENT ORDER OF FORESTERS. A meeting of those interested in the formation of a branch of the Ancient Order of Foresters was held last evening, and resulted in its establishment. The name adopted for the new branch order is the Daniel O'Connell Court. A financial committee consisting of Messrs. D. McMunn, Dr. Alfred Taney, and J. F. Kelleher, was appointed. Mr. M. J. Ford was chosen temporary chairman. The Court is organized with sixty-five members and the names of those enrolled indicate that an excellent society has been formed, and one that will be a source of much profit to its members. Regular meetings will be held as soon as the necessary arrangements can be made.

MILLINERY OPENING. Miss Cassie Gallagher had a millinery opening at her rooms on Main street yesterday, and it will be continued to-day, owing to the storm. The display of the large and elegant stock at these rooms is a very fine one, and the arrangement is at the same time tasty and to the best advantage. Miss Gallagher has a fine line of bonnets, hats, trimmings, etc., in all of the latest and most fashionable styles, and the specimens displayed are greatly to be admired for their beauty and taste. Bonnets and hats in the favorite colors of green, helitorope, brown, garnet, etc., are to be seen in large numbers, and everything in this line that a lady would desire is to be found.

THE AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY. A number of the American Express messengers are now being withdrawn from some of the train and boat routes owing to the discontinuing of certain trains and boats now that the large summer travel is over. One messenger has been withdrawn from the Bar Harbor line, two from the Boston and Bangor rail route and one from the Boston and Bangor boat route. These are being transferred, however, to other lines so that the number will not be diminished. A new line has been established between this city and Portland and a messenger appointed to take charge. Express matter can now be sent out on the noon train as well as the morning and night trains. This will prove advantageous to those who have matter to be sent at this time of day.

FARMERS' INSTITUTE. The series of farmers' institutes to be held next week promise to be of much interest. They are to be held as follows: Parkman, Tuesday, Oct. 25th, East Dover, Wednesday, the 26th, Corinna, Thursday the 27th, and St. Albans, Friday the 28th. The Secretary of the board will take with him as lecturers and to assist in the discussion of the topics selected, Prof. J. H. Whitcher, of the N. H. Agricultural College, Thomas Daggett, Piscataquis county, B. A. Burr, Penobscot, G. F. Moore, Somerset, R. W. Ellis, Waldo, and Dr. G. M. Twitchell, Readfield. The *Maine Farmer* says this will make a strong team, and it may be expected that some good work will be done. A different programme has been made up for each institute. Le there be a good turn out of the farmers in each locality.

ASSAULTING AFFAIR. At about eleven o'clock last night Officers Fahy and Barnes arrested one Billy Jenkins down on Broad street and started with him for the station house. Jenkins is what is known as a "kicker" and he undertook to make things lively for the officers. They had Jenkins down and were putting the wristers on him when a disreputable gang in the neighborhood undertook to rescue the prisoner. It was dark in the vicinity and both officers were kicked one in the face and the other in the side and on the head, before they got upon their feet. They marched their man to the station house and at once returned to the scene of the disturbance but the gang had disappeared. It is to be hoped that some of the members will be captured and severely punished for their assault upon the officers.

UNITED FELLOWSHP, Council No. 54 was initiated Thursday evening at Odd Fellows Hall, Belfast, by Deputy Supreme Director, W. A. Rice, assisted by Deputy Supreme Guide, Lydia A. Rice. The charter petition contained 41 signatures, and all male signers were either Masons or Odd Fellows. The following officers were installed: Past Director, E. Hanson; Director, G. A. Hutchins; Vice Director, B. F. Wells; Instructor, N. E. Keen; Secretary, E. L. Warren; Collector, H. J. Locke; Treasurer, G. W. Burgess; Guide, John Dolloff; Warden, A. A. Roix; Sentinel, E. A. Heath; Medical Examiner, John M. Fletcher. Trustees, B. F. Wells, G. W. Burgess, E. Staples. Social Committee, C. W. Harvey, H. J. Locke, J. Osborn, Henry Mudgett, E. Hanson. Belfast Council, No. 54, will meet every Wednesday evening. This makes the 20th Council in Maine.

COMPLIMENTARY TO A BANGOR SINGER. In speaking of a recent entertainment, the Colorado Springs (Col.) *Gazette* has the following complimentary notice of the singing of Mrs. E. S. Bowler, of this city, who is with her husband in that place: "Mrs. Bowler sang 'Ave Maria,' by Luzzi. Her voice is rich, clear and powerful and her intonation and pronunciation perfect. The song so pleased the audience that they insisted on an encore and Mrs. Bowler responded with 'Light of My Soul.' This gave the lady an opportunity to display the compass of her voice and she was loudly applauded." Another number of the *Gazette* says: "Mrs. H. H. Stevens gave a very delightful and successful musicale at her residence for the purpose of introducing Mrs. E. S. Bowler, an accomplished vocalist from the First Baptist church of Bangor, Maine, and Miss Erickson, a skilled pianist from Broome, Iowa."

OFFICER STEVENSON'S CASE.

Hearing Before Judge Brett—A Number of Witnesses Examined—The Hearing Adjourned to Next Thursday.

The examination of Deputy Sheriff Stevenson on the charge of manslaughter in the case of the shooting of the tramp Frank Conley, or "Shorty," on September 18th, in Carmel, was begun yesterday forenoon at ten o'clock in the Municipal Court before Judge Brett. By the time appointed for the hearing the court room was completely filled with spectators anxious to get a look at the principals in the case and to hear the evidence. The witnesses in attendance who were to give their evidence numbered about a dozen.

County Attorney F. H. Appleton appeared for the State in prosecution and Mr. Stevenson was represented by Jasper Hutchings, Esq.

After the witnesses for the State, about half a dozen in number, had been sworn, the case was opened by County Attorney Appleton who related the circumstances attendant upon the shooting of Conley at the Poor Farm in Carmel, in substance as the details of the affair were given in the WHIG at the time of the occurence. He said that the circumstances would be detailed by eye-witnesses, and that the Government in prosecution wished to accord the respondent the best of privileges consistent with the best order of society.

The first witness called upon was Dr. S. W. Otis, of Carmel. He testified to having been called to attend Conley just after he had been shot on the evening of September 18th, and to having found two wounds, one in the clavicle and the other in the arm near the elbow. The course of the bullet in the former wound was downward into the lung. The bullet was probed for but could not be found until the post mortem examination when it was discovered in the back of the lung near the scapula. Doctor Otis stated that there was no doubt but the wound was the cause of the death of Conley.

David S. Simpson was the next witness. He said that on the evening of the shooting Stevenson had driven into his door yard and asked him to assist in arresting two desperadoes who, he said, were at the poor farm, a short distance away. Stevenson had two revolvers in his hands at the time and kept them out. He, with Rufus Simpson and Constable Farrington, went to the poor farm with Stevenson, and when the latter entered the room where the tramps were he began firing at a distance of about five or six feet from them. He judged that the revolvers were self-cocking from the rapid action. The tramps had made no movement before the shooting began and five shots were fired. The witness said that he heard the tramp "Irish" say "You've made a mistake in the parties," and Stevenson said soon afterwards that he was afraid that he had made a mistake in the man.

Rufus W. Simpson, the next witness, gave substantially the same testimony as the former witnesses. He stated that he examined the clothing of the man who was shot, and the only thing found that could be called a weapon was a razor. The witness said that the wounded man was given the best of care, and everything possible done for him.

After the testimony of Mr. Simpson the hearing was adjourned until two o'clock in the afternoon.

AFTERNOON.

The Court came in at quarter past two. County Attorney Appleton rested the case for the prosecution.

Col. Jasper Hutchings then opened the case for the defence. He commenced by reciting what the law allowed to be done in a case of felony and the duty incumbent on an officer of the law. He also cited the lines of evidence which the defence was authorized to introduce in the case. It was competent to show the dangerous character of the person or persons to be arrested. To show that the persons were the ones guilty of the crime of burning, on account of which their arrest was sought. He then gave a history of the burning of Sheriff Stevenson's buildings in the night during his absence from home, burning all the contents of the buildings, except a portion of the furniture, and his family narrowly escaping with their lives, following it up with the account of the discovery of the incendiaries and events that led up to the shooting of the tramp Conley which, he claimed, was done in self-defense.

Mrs. Emma Stevenson was the first witness called. Wife of the respondent. Lives in Clinton. Related the facts connected with the burning of their house on the night of Monday, Sept. 12, during the absence of her husband, and while herself and four children were in the house. Were aroused by the little girl who slept up stairs and heard the crackling of the flames. The barn was all on fire when discovered. The furniture in the dining room, kitchen and pantry and everything in the barn and outbuildings were destroyed. No one had arrived there when she got out of the house.

The next witness called was Lillie Booker, the young woman who was with the tramps when the fire was set. She appears to be about fifteen or sixteen years old, ignorant, unable to read or write, and a perfect child in everything but the life she has led. She testified that she came from a place called Munquat, just over the border on the Canadian line. That she had neither father nor mother; had worked for awhile for a woman in Fort Fairfield and that another woman carried her to a home for girls in Portland from which she ran away and made the acquaintance of the tramp named Irish and was induced to go with him on the promise of taking her to his home.

That she walked with him to a place a little this side of Brunswick where they joined the three other tramps known to her as Shorty, Slim and Swift. Gave a description of the tramps and said they stopped in "trolly" houses, or houses where the hand cars are kept by the section men. Stopped at different places till they came to Clinton when they went into Stevenson's barn, which she described. They all got on to the mow when Shorty said he was going to smoke, lit his pipe and threw the match on the hay, setting it on fire. Irish told him he had set the hay a fire and Shorty tried to put it out with his hand, when Irish said: "Let it burn. They wouldn't give us a mouthful to eat if we were starving." The fire spread quickly, running over the top of the hay. She slid off the mow to the barn floor, hurting her hip badly. Heard the cattle bellowing with pain as they went away and said it is too bad they should burn up. The men threatened her and told her to stop her noise. Afterwards Irish put the back of a knife to her throat and said if she ever told he would draw the other side of it across her throat. They secreted themselves in the woods for a day or two before going to Mrs. Hancock's, when they stopped for water, and she seeing that the girl was sick took her in and took care of her. Irish did not want to leave her, but Mrs. Hancock got him away by telling him he could come after her in a few days. Before going Irish told her: "If you tell anything about this you'll lose your life." Irish used to pull out his pistol and say that no sheriff or policeman could take him.

While in the woods heard the men say among themselves: "If we do kill her it will not be the first girl we have killed." Shorty and Irish had pistols and Slim and Swift had dirk knives.

Witness was cross examined at some length but the above is the substance of what was given both in direct and cross examination.

Selden Hancock testified: Lives in Burnham, seven or eight miles from place of fire. Saw two tramps morning after fire at depot in Burnham. Did not then suspect them. Next saw them four days afterwards. Girl only staid at his house one night. In the morning said she dreamed she had been sent to a penitentiary for burning the barn. Then told that the tramps burned it. Did not see Stevenson before the shooting. Eli Bickford and John Dyer watched at my house that night.

Cross examined: Learned that Dyer and Bickford were sent to my house by Capt. Fletcher.

Mrs. Hancock, wife of Selden Hancock, Burnham, testified to the girl coming there as stated by the preceding witness and to condition in which she was found. Never saw the tramps after they left her house. Girl staid with her until Sunday when she was taken to Mr. Fletcher's. Girl was very sick and in terrible condition. Did not think she could have gone two rods without fainting away. Told me the whole story while at my house. Never saw her after she was taken away. Stevenson was at my house Sunday, the day the girl went away. Told him what the girl had told me. Girl said men were heavily armed. We had better not offend them or they would come and burn us up.

Dr. Daniel Dyer, of Burnham, testified to being called and to the condition of the girl.

Captain Abner W. Fletcher, Trial Justice, at Burnham: Girl came to his house Sunday after building burned. Told him the story and he wrote it down. Saw Stevenson same day at Clinton. She told the story to Stevenson when going down in my carriage. Suggested that Mr. Farrington had better go with him. They started away about half past two Sunday afternoon. Told him he had better get a larger pistol than his as the tramps are heavily armed. Sent for Dyer and arranged for him and Mr. Bickford to watch the house.

John P. Billings testified to seeing Mr. Stevenson at a grange meeting after the fire, the latter having just returned from Augusta. Told him people were much excited and said if they caught incendiaries would hang them to chimney. He said: "Not if I had been there. Let the law take its course."

Mrs. Viola Billings testified to above conversation.

Mr. Orrin Farrington, a constable of Burnham, testified to going to Carmel with Mr. Stevenson and to what took place there. Mr. Stevenson went into the house before Farrington and two Simpsons. Heard two shots fired before they went in. Stevenson was fifteen or twenty feet ahead. After he was shot Shorty got up to leave the room but stopped him and set him down.

Don't recollect of Mr. Stevenson making any talk about character of men or manner of arrest. Nothing said about who should go in first. Went around the house one way and Stevenson the other.

Cross examined: Don't recollect seeing sheriff's pistols when we left Simpsons' house. Saw no pistols in his hand. Saw a pistol going over to Carmel. Stevenson said it was a self-cocker. Did not hear him say he would take no chances. Don't recollect that any one said "There they are," when seeing the tramps through the windows. Do not say that no conversation of the kind was had. Do not recollect what was said after the shooting. Mr. Stevenson examined Shorty to see if he was the man he was after. Stevenson asked what time train left. That Simpson had better get a doctor and charge expense to Kennebec County. Heard no talk made by Mr. Stevenson or any one as to why he fired. Don't recollect saying to Mr. Simpson that the shooting was unnecessary. I was some excited. Will not say that I did not make such a remark about being a mistake.

Re-direc: Had no weapon with me but a pen knife. Have a little pistol but never fired it; have had it a year.

John F. Dyer testified that Stevenson said he wanted two good level headed men to go to Hancock's to watch, and if the tramps came back to arrest them. Went and got Eli Bickford and we watched the place.

Cross examined: Was not present with Fletcher and Stevenson. Nothing was said about shooting at sight. No recollection of hearing anything of the kind except outside talk; there was a good deal of that.

Mr. I. C. Libby, of Burnham, was called for but had left the court room. It being six o'clock and Mr. Libby and the respondent both remaining to be heard, the case was adjourned until Thursday next at ten o'clock, Mr. Stevenson giving $3,000 bail for his appearance, Rufus Gilman, Esq., of Burnham, and Alton Richards, Esq., of Clinton, becoming sureties.

AMUSEMENTS.

Shadows of a Great City.

Notwithstanding the rain, there was a large sale of tickets yesterday for next Monday and Tuesday evenings. "Shadows of a Great City" is considered to be one of the most successful plays now before the public. It is full of exciting situations, and the action is rapid and continuous, holding the attention of the audience from the first scene to the last. The company has been especially selected, not for any distinct individual prominence, but with a view of presenting every character in an even and thoroughly artistic manner. To this end one of the best companies now on the road has been engaged. The attraction is under the direct personal management of the Messrs. Jefferson, sons of the famous comedian, and their personal experience has enabled them to present a play that is numbered among the greatest popular successes of the season.

Fisk Jubilee Singers.

The original company from Nashville, Tenn., will give one of their inimitable concerts at the Opera House next Wednesday evening. Since the appearance of this company here some years ago, they have made a European tour, with great success. The sale of seats will open Monday morning.

Notes.

Mr. C. W. Daniels, representing the Irish comedian, J. S. Murphy, was in the city yesterday. His star will appear in "Shaun Rhue" next Thursday evening.

Municipal Court.

Friday, October 21st.

George Jordan and Frank Thompson, for drunkenness, were each fined $3 and costs.

Timothy Collins, for the same offence, $3 and costs.

Morris Lally, of Ellsworth, same offence, 30 days in jail.

Sunday Services.

Rev. George B. Ilsley will preach at the Old Ladies' Home to-morrow afternoon at three o'clock.

Religious services will be held to-morrow afternoon at three o'clock in the Mt. Hope school house.

Rev. Newman Matthews, the Evangelist, will spend Sunday in Hampden, assisting the pastor of the Congregational church in some special services.

First Congregational church, Rev. Chas. H. Cutler, pastor—Worship and preaching at 10.30; Sunday School at 11.45; vestry service and address by the pastor at 7.30.

"Religion the Grounds of its Authority" will be the pastor's morning subject at the Universalist Church. Evening vestry service at 7 o'clock. The public welcome.

Professor Sewall will occupy the pulpit at the First Baptist church in the morning and also conduct the chapel service in the evening. Morning and evening services at the usual hour.

Hammond street Congregational church—Worship with preaching service at 10.30; Sunday School at 11.45; young people's meeting at 6.45; evening service at 7.30. All are cordially invited.

Union Street Methodist church—Rev. George A. Lindsay, of First M. E. church will preach at 11.30 A. M. in exchange with the pastor. At 6.15 P. M. young people's meeting. At 7 harvest concert. We welcome all.

Independent Congregational Society (Unitarian), Rev. Geo. Croswell Cressey, pastor: Services at 10.30 A. M.; Sunday School at 11.45. Subject of the discourse to-morrow, "The Known and the Unknown God." All are welcome.

The Young Men's Christian Association will conduct the meeting in the jail to-morrow morning. The meeting commences at nine o'clock. There will be song service, for men only, at the Y. M. C. A. Hall, commencing at 2.45 P. M. All are invited.

First M. E. Church, Rev. George D. Lindsay, pastor. 10.30 preaching by the Rev. F. C. Rogers; 11.45 sabbath school; 2.30 children's meeting; 3.30 young peoples' meeting; 7.00 praise and prayer meeting. Seats free. A cordial invitation extended to strangers.

Essex Street Free Baptist church, Rev. A. W. Anthony, pastor. A cordial invitation to come and a cordial welcome for all. Preaching at 10.30 A. M; Sunday School at noon; young people's meeting at 6 P. M. At 7 P. M. the Sunday School will hold a praise service, instead of a harvest concert, and the pastor will give an address "To Business Boys."

Our Own Folks and Other Folks.

I. C. Libby, Esq., of Burnham, is in the city.

Major W. Z. Clayton has returned from his visit to California.

Mr. H. Kellogg, of Vanceboro, was in the city yesterday at the Penobscot Exchange.

Mr. Willard Kitchen, of the Canadian Pacific Railroad, was in the city yesterday on business.

Mr. Thomas C. Barker, of Lowell, Mass., is in the city visiting his mother and sister on Fifth street.

Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Emery, of Bucksport, were in the city last night at the Bangor House.

Messrs. Thomas White and E. A. Buck returned from a trip to Boston yesterday on the steamer Lewiston.

Mr. J. H. Buckley, Maine Central yard-master on the east side, has returned to duty after a week's vacation.

The illness of Rev. Mr. Hinckley is not so alarming as was thought at one time, and his many friends will be glad to learn that he is fast improving.

Mr. Eugene Bennett with his family and Mr. Frank Bennett, who have been visiting friends in Charleston, left yesterday for their home in Helena, Montana.

Mr. Charles D. Jameson arrived in this city yesterday morning from New York to make his mother, who is at the Bangor House, a short visit. Mr. Jameson left last evening for New York and will soon leave for the West, having received the appointment of Professor in charge of the Engineering Department of Iowa College. The selection is an excellent one.

The Dexter Hearing.

The examination of Stain and Cromwell before Judge Waldron, of Dexter, will occur to-day. Sheriff Brown and Deputy Sheriff Barker will take the prisoners to Dexter this morning.

Charles F. Stain came from Montreal on the Grand Trunk train Thursday and got off at Danville Junction. He was accompanied by his wife and little son. He said he was going to Dexter to be present at the hearing to-day. He says his story is true and he is ready to swear to it in court. He showed a letter from Sheriff Mitchell summoning him to Dexter. He said he had been quietly laying low in Montreal until called for by the sheriff.

The WHIG will have a special reporter at the hearing to-day and will give its readers a full account of the evidence Monday morning.

Business Items.

After diphtheria, scarlet fever, or pneumonia, Hood's Sarsaparilla will give strength to the system, and expel all poison from the blood. 6

SALT RHEUM

with its intense itching, dry, hot skin, often broken into painful cracks, and the little watery pimples, often causes indescribable suffering. Hood's Sarsaparilla has wonderful power over this disease. It purifies the blood and expels the humor, and the skin heals without a scar. Send for book containing many statements of cures, to C. I. Hood & Co., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass. f

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BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short-weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St. N. Y. dec29d&wly

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Real Estate.

For Rent.

The desirable tenement 136 Cedar Street, corner of Sixth. Inquire at 134 HAMMOND STREET.
oct19 tf*

NEW HOUSE for rent. Inquire of
oct13 JOHN CASSIDY.

House for Rent.

A first-class house having twelve rooms, water, &c., on Park street. Inquire of GEO. W. LADD, 74 Exchange Street.
oct6 1m

FOR RENT.

Good tenement to the right family. Inquire at 16 East Summer Street.
oct12

FOR SALE.

The very desirable dwelling house No. 31 Essex Street, in perfect repair. Has stable attached. Stone cellar, new furnace, Holly water, gas and good garden. For particulars inquire on premises.
sept29

Chemical Fibre Mill For Sale.

The property of the Lincoln Pulp and Paper Company, at Lincoln, Maine, on the line of the Maine Central Railroad, will be sold at public auction, at the works of the Company at Lincoln, on the 20th day of October, 1887, at 10 o'clock A. M.

The property consists of substantial brick buildings with stone foundations, containing appliances for mixing and washing, three digesters, wet and dry paper machines, five steam boilers, pumps and all necessary tools and fixtures for producing per day seven tons of chemical wood fibre, which can, with only an addition of digesters, be increased to twelve tons per day.

The mill is located upon an excellent water power, with permanent stone dams, and can be supplied with an unlimited quantity of spruce and poplar pulp wood at a lower cost than any other mill in New England.

For particulars address,
F. H. APPLETON, Assignee, Bangor, Maine.
sept8 Com copy tf

DWELLING HOUSE FOR SALE. House No. 19 Pine Street, third house beyond Garland Street. Holly water, Bath Room and Furnace. May be seen on application to Chas. S. Pearl or N. S. Harlow.
sept17

FOR RENT. Second tenement, True Block, Court Street. Inquire of A. C. HAMLIN.
sept26

Hotel Men Attention!

Valuable Hotel and Livery property for sale. The subscriber, having business that calls him away, wishes to sell the furniture lease and livery stock connected with the Foxcroft Exchange, Foxcroft, Maine, will sell at a great bargain, if sold at once. For further information call on or address,
may28 tf W. H. PARSONS.

For Rent.

A tenement newly fitted near business. Inquire at law office of H. J. PREBLE.
oct11 tf

House Lots.

A large number of desirable house lots for sale on Broadway, French and Centre Streets.
S. C. HARLOW, 141 Centre Street.
apr20

FOR SALE.

House No. 83 State Street.
EASTERN TRUST AND BANKING CO.
apr21

FOR SALE.

House, Stable and lot at 16 West Broadway. One of the most desirable residences in the city. Valuable orchard of apple and pear trees, three-quarters of an acre of good land. Ten minutes walk from Post Office. For terms, etc., call upon A. H. C. RICE.
aug29

FOR SALE.

The machinery and good-will for the manufacture of sausage, lard and tallow. Centrally located. Splendid chance for business. Call on or address, A. H. C. RICE, 16 West Broadway.
aug29

TIMBER LAND FOR SALE.

Valuable tract of 24,000 acres in the State of Maine. Terms—One-half cash, balance in one, two and three years. Apply to Eastern Trust and Banking Co., Bangor.
apr16 tf

For Sale.

FOR SALE.

One good family horse, one team harness, one riding harness, one jigger, one light express wagon and three one horse sleds, for sale by
CHARLES H. HOWARD, No. 41 Jefferson Street.
oct18 2w*

HEAVY HORSES for sale. Inquire of JOHN CASSIDY.
oct13

Heavy Horses for Sale.

Six first-class logging horses, averaging 1400 pounds each. Inquire of, or address, A. W. DUDLEY & SON, Bangor.
oct13

For Sale.

Six heavy horses suitable for the woods or any work, at a bargain.
W. S. HELLIER & CO., Corner Fourth and Parker Streets.
sept29

FOR SALE.

One 25 Horse Power Engine, Kendall & Roberts' make, in good order. Has been run four years. For sale at a bargain.
C. A. WASHBURN, Corner Main and Railroad Streets, Bangor, Me.
sept27 tf

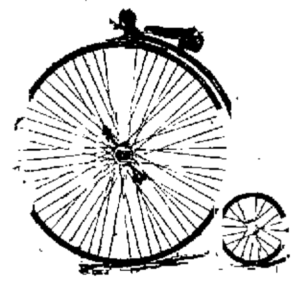
FOR SALE.

Engine and Boiler in good repair. Also second hand safe. Inquire of GEO. L. PHILLIPS, 137 Exchange Street.
aug16 Tu&Ftf

Horse for Sale.

A good driver and warranted sound and kind.
oct14 I. K. STETSON.

RUDGE BICYCLES AND TRICYCLES.



C. H. CROSBY,
No. 5 Kenduskeag Bridge,
BANGOR, MAINE.
P. O. BOX NO. 183.
aug6

Dr. Schenck's Mandrake Pills

PURELY VEGETABLE AND STRICTLY RELIABLE.

They act DIRECTLY and PROMPTLY on the Liver and Stomach, restoring the constipated organs to healthy activity, and are a positive and perfectly safe cure for Constipation, Liver Complaint, Sick Headache, Biliousness, and all other diseases arising from a disordered condition of the Liver and Stomach. They are the only reliable vegetable Liver Pill sold.

They are Perfectly HARMLESS. They are PURELY VEGETABLE. TRY THEM.

For Sale by all Druggists. Price 25 cts. per box; 3 boxes for 65 cts.; or sent by mail, postage free, on receipt of price. Dr. J. H. Schenck & Son, Philad'a.
sept16 eod&w2w

TRIPOLINE,

A powerful and rapid cleaner and polisher of metals without acid or poison, just received from Chicago, by

THOS. JENNESS & SON.
Agents for Bangor and vicinity.
oct5

COUNTESS NARONA.

BY WILKIE COLLINS.

[Continued.]

The wedding was strictly private. A close carriage stood at the church door; a few people, mostly of the lower class, and mostly old women, were scattered about the interior of the building. Here and there Dr. Wybrow detected the faces of some of his brethren of the club, attracted by curiosity, like himself. Four persons only stood before the altar—the bride and bridegroom and their two witnesses. One of these last was a faded looking woman, who might have been the countess' companion or maid; the other was undoubtedly her brother, Baron Rivar. The bridal party (the bride herself included) wore their ordinary morning costume. Lord Montbarry, personally viewed, was a middle aged military man of the ordinary type; nothing in the least remarkable distinguished him either in face or figure. Baron Rivar, again, in his way, was another conventional representative of another well known type. One sees his finely pointed mustache, his bold eyes, his crisply curling hair, and his dashing carriage of the head repeated hundreds of times over on the boulevards of Paris. The only noteworthy point about him was of the negative sort. He was not in the least like his sister. Even the officiating priest was only a harmless, humble looking old man, who went through his duties resignedly, and felt visible rheumatic difficulties every time he bent his knees. The one remarkable person, the countess herself, only raised her veil at the beginning of the ceremony, and presented nothing in her plain dress that was worth a second look. Never, on the face of it, was there a less interesting and less romantic marriage than this. From time to time the doctor glanced round at the door or up at the galleries, vaguely anticipating the appearance of some protesting stranger, in possession of some terrible secret, commissioned to forbid the progress of the service. Nothing in the shape of an event occurred—nothing extraordinary, nothing dramatic. Bound fast together as man and wife, the two disappeared, followed by their witnesses, to sign the registers; and still Dr. Wybrow waited, and still he cherished the obstinate hope that something worth seeing must certainly happen yet.

The interval passed, and the married couple, returning to the church, walked together down the nave to the door. Dr. Wybrow drew back as they approached. To his confusion and surprise, the countess discovered him. He heard her say to her husband, "One moment, I see a friend." Lord Montbarry bowed and waited. She stepped up to the doctor, took his hand, and wrung it hard. He felt her overpowering black eyes looking at him through her veil. "One step more, you see, on the way to the end!" She whispered those strange words, and returned to her husband. Before the doctor could recover himself and follow her, Lord and Lady Montbarry had stepped into their carriage, and had driven away.

Outside the church door stood the three or four members of the club, who, like Dr. Wybrow, had watched the ceremony out of curiosity. Near them was the bride's brother, waiting alone. He was evidently bent on seeing the man whom his sister had spoken to, in broad daylight. His bold eyes rested on the doctor's face, with a momentary flash of suspicion in them. The cloud suddenly cleared away; the baron smiled with charming courtesy, lifted his hat to his sister's friend, and walked off.

"One step more, you see, on the way to the end!"

The members constituted themselves into a club conclave on the church steps. They began with the baron. "Damned ill looking rascal!" They went on with Montbarry. "Is he going to take that horrid woman with him to Ireland?" "Not he! he can't face the tenantry; they know about Agnes Lockwood." "Well, but where is he going?" "To Scotland." "Does she like that?" "It's only for a fortnight; they come back to London, and go abroad." "And they will never return to England, eh?" "Who can tell? Did you see how she looked at Montbarry, when she had to lift her veil at the beginning of the service? In his place, I should have bolted. Did you see her, doctor?" By this time, Dr. Wybrow had remembered his patients, and had heard enough of the club gossip. He followed the example of Baron Rivar, and walked off.

"One step more, you see, on the way to the end," he repeated to himself, on his way home. "What end?"

CHAPTER IV.

On the day of the marriage Agnes Lockwood sat alone in the little drawing room of her London lodgings, burning the letters which had been written to her by Montbarry in the bygone time.

The countess' maliciously smart description of her, addressed to Dr. Wybrow, had not even hinted at the charm that most distinguished Agnes—the artless expression of goodness and purity which instantly attracted every one who approached her. She looked by many years younger than she really was. With her fair complexion and her shy manner it seemed only natural to speak of her as a "girl," although she was now really advancing toward 30 years of age. She lived alone with an old nurse devoted to her, on a modest little income, which was just enough to support the two. There were none of the ordinary signs of grief in her face, as she slowly tore the letters of her false lover in two and threw the pieces into the small fire which had been lighted to consume them. Unhappily for herself, she was one of those women who feel too deeply to find relief in tears. Pale and quiet, with cold, trembling fingers, she destroyed the letters one by one without daring to read them again. She had torn the last of the series, and was still shrinking from throwing it after the rest into the swiftly destroying flame, when the old nurse came in and asked if she would see "Master Henry"—meaning that youngest member of the Westwick family, who had publicly declared his contempt for his brother in the smoking room of the club.

Agnes hesitated. A faint tinge of color stole over her face.

There had been a long past time when Henry Westwick had owned that he had loved her. She had made her confession to him, acknowledging that her heart was given to his eldest brother. He had submitted to his disappointment; and they had met thereafter as cousins and friends. Never before had she associated the idea of him with embarrassing recollections. But now, on the very day when his brother's marriage to another woman had consummated his brother's treason toward her, there was something vaguely repellent in the prospect of seeing him. The old nurse (who remembered them both in their cradles) observed her hesitation; and sympathizing, of course, with the man, put in a timely word for Henry. "He says he's going away, my dear; and he only wants to shake hands, and say goodby." This plain statement of the case had its effect. Agnes decided on receiving her cousin.

He entered the room so rapidly that he surprised her in the act of throwing the fragments of Montbarry's last letter into the fire. She hurriedly spoke first.

"You are leaving London very suddenly, Henry. Is it business or pleasure?"

Instead of answering her, he pointed to the flaming letter, and to some black ashes of burned paper lying lightly in the lower part of the fireplace.

"Are you burning letters?"

"Yes."

"His letters?"

"Yes."

He took her hand gently.

"I had no idea I was intruding on you, at a time when you must wish to be alone. Forgive me, Agnes—I shall see you when I return."

She sighed to him, with a faint smile, to take a chair.

"We have known one another since we were children," she said. "Why should I feel a foolish pride about myself in your presence? Why should I have any secrets from you? I sent back all your brother's gifts to me some time ago. I have been advised to do more, to keep nothing that can remind me of him—in short, to burn the letters. I have taken the advice; but I own I shrunk a little from destroying the last of the letters. No—not because it was the last, but because it had this in it." She opened her hand, and showed him a lock of Montbarry's hair, tied with a morsel of golden cord. "Well, well; let it go with the rest!"

She dropped it into the flame. For awhile she stood with her back to Henry leaning on the mantel piece and looking into the fire. He took the chair to which she had pointed, with a strange contradiction of expression in his face; the tears were in his eyes, while the brows above were knit close in an angry frown. He muttered to himself:

"Damn him!"

She rallied her courage and looked at him again when she spoke.

[To be continued.]

Business Items.

$500 REWARD is offered, by the manufacturers of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy for a case of catarrh which they cannot cure. This remedy cures by its mild, soothing, cleansing, and healing properties. Only 50 cts., by druggists. d&w1w oct18

Take a D. K. and be O. K. See ad.
march7 tf

MRS. DR. CROSBY of Boston, has taken rooms at Mrs. Hunt's, Park Street, and will cure all diseases that are curable and will hold seances every evening. Examination and prescribing, $1.00. Admission to the seances, 25 cents.
sept14 tf

A. J. FINNEGAN, Minneapolis, Minn. Mortgage Broker and dealer in Real Estate. First Mortgages for sale at face value and accrued interest.
aug17 my22 STT&wly

A WOMAN'S CHARMS

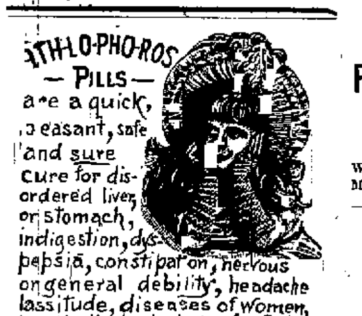
soon leave her, when she becomes a victim to any one of the various disorders and peculiar "weaknesses" that are peculiar to the fair sex. The condition of tens of thousands of women to-day is pitible in the extreme; they are weak, bloodless creatures, a prey to mental anguish and bodily pain; in a word, "broken-down," from any one of numerous causes. To this unhappy multitude we strongly urge the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, an infallible, world-famed remedy, for all irregularities and which restores the worst sufferer to vigorous health, and reinvests her with all the charms of figure, face and complexion that receive such willing homage from man.
oct18 d&w1w

Benj. W. Patton, of Globe Village, Mass, says: "Having sold Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry for many years, and used it in my family with the most satisfactory results, I can with confidence say that in my estimation it is the best remedy in the market for coughs, colds and throat and lung diseases." oct17 d&w1w

If your complaint is want of appetite try half a wine glass of Angostura Bitters half an hour before dinner. Beware of counterfeits. Ask your grocer or druggist for the genuine article, manufactured by Dr. J. G. B. Seigert & Sons.
oct18 eod&w1w

IT IS NOT UNLAWFUL.

Congress has enacted no law to restrain a person from going about in a badly constipated condition, or with a distressing sick headache, rush of blood to the head, bad taste in the mouth, bilious complaint, or any kindred difficulty; but the laws of health and comfort will suggest to any one so afflicted, the wisdom of hastening to the nearest druggist for a 25-cent vial of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets—the most potent of remedies for all disorders of the liver, stomach and bowels. Purely vegetable, pleasant to take, and perfectly harmless. oct18 d&w1w



sept13 d&w1y

eod&w18ly

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Established 35 Years. Everywhere recognized as standard instruments. New and Elegant designs. Fully Warranted. Catalogues Free

FACTORY AND WAREROOMS,
TREMONT ST., OPPOSITE WALTHAM ST., BOSTON.
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C. S. RICE & CO.

One Lot Russian Dog Skin and Castor Gloves.

One Lot Braided and Jet Dress Trimmings.

One Lot Jersey Underwear.

One Lot Linen Sets.

One Lot of the handsomest Patterns in Argentine, Florentine and China Silks ever shown in Bangor.

One Lot of those Elegant Fitting Gossamer Capes for Ladies, at $3.12½ each Garment.

One Lot Slightly Damaged Circulars Cheap.

C. S. RICE & CO.,
No. 33 Main St., Bangor, Maine.
oct19 3w

Notice.

TO THE LADIES. A woman who suffered for several years from female troubles and was cured, will be glad to let the Ladies know the remedy, which is simple and inexpensive. Every patient can treat herself. A free package sent by addressing with stamp, Box 1034, Bangor, Me.
aug1

MARRIAGE, Visiting and Business Cards, printed n latest styles of type, at Whig & Courier Job Office. B. A. BURR.

Wanted, Lost, Found, etc.

WANTED. A position in a clothing or boot and shoe store by a young man of some experience. Good references. Address, "S." Box 62, Bangor, Me.
oct18

PIANO RENT.—A fine toned 7 octave Chickering Piano to rent by the year. N. S. HARLOW.
oct6 tf

GOOD ROOMS to let by the day or week. No. 2 Pickering Square. 3m* sept15

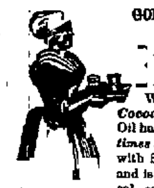
Girl Wanted.

A good first girl; one that can come well recommended. Apply in the forenoon or evening, at NO. 30 OHIO STREET.
sept27

Spool Wood

WANTED.—Responsible parties to contract for White Birch Spool-bars, in lots of not less than 300,000 feet, to be sawed the coming winter, for delivery and shipment in early Spring and Summer of 1888. For particulars and dimensions apply to
T. J. STEWART & CO., P. O. Box 1525, Bangor, Me.
oct3 d&w 1m

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.
BAKER'S Breakfast Cocoa.



Warranted *absolutely pure* Cocoa, from which the excess of Oil has been removed. It has *three times the strength* of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical, *costing less than one cent a cup.* It is delicious, nourishing, strengthening, easily digested, and admirably adapted for invalids as well as for persons in health.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

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EXAMINED,

Deeds and Mortgages Carefully Drawn, Real Estate Bought or Sold on Commission, Rents Collected, Insurance Placed and Loans Negotiated at

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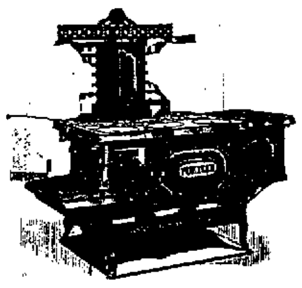
REAL ESTATE AGENCY,
No. 4 Franklin Street, Bangor, Me.
sept16 d&w

The Puritan B.
COOKING RANGE.



This is the Range to which we wish to call the attention of the trade. It is guaranteed to be second to none and to satisfy the most particular; is by many considered the best medium priced, full twenty inch oven RANGE in the market; is fitted to use either wood or coal; can be purchased with or without low closet, tank, elevated shelf or cabinet base. We invite all wishing to purchase a Range, and those interested, to examine the PURITAN. Every one warranted.

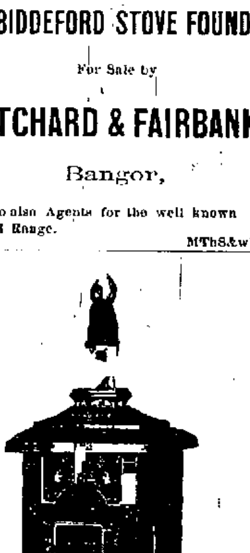
Manufactured by

THE BIDDEFORD STOVE FOUNDRY.

For Sale by

PRITCHARD & FAIRBANKS,
Bangor,

Who are also Agents for the well known A MOUTH Range.
sept24 MThS&w1m



THE NEW 1887
SUNNY-SIDE
Square Coal Parlor.

Three Sizes, with Oven.
NO. 11, 11 INCH. NO. 13, 13 INCH.
NO. 15, 15 INCH FIRE POT.

A Surface Burning Revertible Flue Coal Stove.

We have improved this ELEGANT SQUARE COAL PARLOR for 1887, by ENLARGING the CAST IRON FRONT, adding a NICKEL PANEL and TWO TILE HEADS; made a NEW ASH PIT DOOR with a perfect fitting Register; new INSIDE CORNER and SIDE LININGS to prevent the Russia Iron from being overheated. This Stove was acknowledged by the trade last season to be the most ARTISTIC and ATTRACTIVE, and the GREATEST HEATER in the market, and sold while others remained on their floors. Some of its special advantages over all others are its Extra Large Fire Pot. Large Clinker Door. Gas Burner at top of Fire Pot which burns the gases and prevents explosion, Three Flues, Draw Centre Shaking Grate, Large Ash Pan (slides on ledges on each side of ash pit). Large Bronze Statue on Nickel Base, which cannot be destroyed by heat; Elegant Nickel Foot Rail and Nickel Shaker. Every stove mounted with such nicety that we warrant them not to leak gas.

Manufactured and for Sale By

WOOD, BISHOP & CO.,
BANGOR, ME.
oct6 eow

Evolution as Applied to Coal.

The late Professor Darwin's theory regarding the development of a protoplasm, applied to coal, would be a very reasonable theory; for the submerged forests of the carboniferous age gradually developed into lignite; that into an inferior quality of anthracite, and that into the finest and best Silver Run Egg and Jermyn stove found only at

F. A. CUMMINGS & CO., West End R. R. Bridge.
Try our Birch Edgings, sawed and tied in bundles. sept27

MRS. R. A. WEBSTER

has just received from New York and Boston, the latest in Art Materials, New Silks, Bargaren Thread, and Point Lace Work not seen in Bangor before. Also something new in Gilt Cord, Stamping and all orders for work promptly attended to at her

ART PARLORS,
77 STATE STREET.
oct13 tw

LANTERNS
—OF—
EVERY DESCRIPTION,
—AT—
W. P. D'OKEY & CO.'S
oct11

WINTER OVERCOATS, ULSTERS
—AND—
REEFERS!

YOU CANNOT AFFORD TO PART
—WITH—
ONE DOLLAR

For any of the above goods before calling on us. We have an Immense Stock that must be Sold.

J. E. CHAPMAN & CO.,
ONE PRICE CLOTHIERS, - - - - - - - BANGOR.
oct5 eod&w

The best for the Complexion. . . . "A balm for the Skin."
The most economical, it wears to thinness of a wafer.

PEARS' SOAP is for sale throughout the United States and in all other parts of the World, and its praises are heard and echoed universally.

ALL THE NEW FALL STYLES
—IN—
CLOTHING FOR MEN AND BOYS,
—IN THE—
GREAT SHOW WINDOWS
—OF—
FRANK D. PULLEN & CO.

Corner of State and Exchange Streets,
—AND—
REMEMBER SATURDAY,
We will Show you a HAY-RICK full of
NEW STYLES IN NECK TIES.
oct12

Dissolution.

The firm of Boynton & Taylor is dissolved to date from Sept. 1st, 1887.
Bangor, Sept. 21st, 1887.

Copartnership Notice.

A partnership has been formed under date of Sept. 1st, 1887, between W. H. BOYNTON, F. O. BUZZELL and G. A. HUTCHINS, under style of the Bangor Shoe Co. This firm will receive all dues and assume all liabilities of the late firm of Boynton & Taylor.
Bangor, Sept. 21st, 1887.

CARD.

Mr. G. A. Hutchins, formerly with C. E. Lyon & Co., has entered the firm known as the Bangor Shoe Co., and will be pleased to meet all of his old friends and customers at his place of business,
NO. 27 MAIN STREET.
Bangor, Sept 21st, 1887.
sept23

Boston and New York
STOCKS

Bought and sold on a margin of 2 per cent. and upwards.
Orders by mail or telegraph a specialty.

THE NATIONAL STOCK EXCHANGE,
JOSEPH CLEARY, Manager,
24 Congress St., Boston, Mass.
sep20 d&w 3m

Board.

Two gentlemen, or single gentlemen or man and wife, can secure good board and rooms in a private family, located very near the business part of the city. Address, BOARD, Whig Office.
oct19

JOHN C. DEAN,
Restaurateur and Caterer,

Purveyor for Parties, Weddings, &c., and maker of the celebrated Philadelphia Croquettes and Salads, which can be served at short notice at reasonable terms.

The serving of Dinner Parties, Receptions and Soirees a Specialty.

The finest Standard Oysters kept constantly on hand and delivered to any part of the city.

N. B.—Our Croquettes and Salads have an established reputation for their uniform excellence.

NO. 8 HARLOW ST.
oct19 TuThS

TO THE PUBLIC.

Having secured the services of an experienced and competent STEAM PIPER, who has been with leading STEAM FITTING HOUSES OF THE COUNTRY the past twenty-three years, we are prepared to do STEAM PIPING in all its various branches in the heating of PUBLIC BUILDINGS, PRIVATE RESIDENCES, MILLS, &c., and to do the same in the most approved manner. We solicit your patronage.

Yours Truly,
GETCHELL & CO.
march1

GRAND OPENING DAY
—OF—
[illegible]

The Finest Display of these goods ever brought to Bangor. A large room specially devoted to this department. Our line of

CHILDREN'S AND BOYS' OVERCOATS
—AND—
REEFERS

Embraces all the latest productions. The largest assortment this side of Boston. We extend a special invitation to examine this fine stock at

J. WATERMAN'S
"Boss Clothing House,"
SIGN OF THE DRESSED MAN. 73, 75 and 77 Exchange Streets.
oct15 d&w

A FINANCIAL PANIC.

Chauncey M. Depew, the manipulator of the Vanderbilt millions, says "there is no danger of a financial panic," as he was reported to have predicted recently. Chauncy has probably heard of the special bargains we offer and knows that while they obtain, there is no danger in that quarter to the country. Here is a sample of them.

Men's Calf Congress Shoes for $2.00

That are worth just 2.50. Such offers as the above go far toward warding off such panics to the average man at least.

West Market Square, E. [illegible] & CO.,
oct25

Railroads and Steamships

BANGOR & BAR HARBOR S. B. CO.
Fall Arrangement, 1887.
TWO TRIPS PER WEEK.

Steamer CIMBRIA will leave BANGOR for BAR HARBOR every Wednesday and Saturday, at 7.30 A. M., Hampden, 8; Winterport, 8.45, Bucksport, 9.15, Sandy Point, 9.45; Fort Point, 10.10; Castine, 11; Isleboro, 12; Deer Isle, 1.30 P. M., Sedgwick, 2, Bass Harbor; S. W. Harbor, 4; Bar Harbor, 5.30.

Fare to Bar Harbor, $1.50.

Returning, will leave BAR HARBOR for BANGOR every Monday and Thursday, at 7 A. M.; S. W. Harbor, 8.00, Bass Harbor, Sedgwick, 10.30; Deer Isle, 11, Isleboro, 12.30, Castine, 1; Fort Point, 2, Sandy Point, 2.15, Bucksport, 2.45, Winterport, 3.30, Hampden, 4.30, Bangor, 4.30 P. M.

Connections Belfast, and Bar Harbor.

The Steamer leaves Bangor after arrival of all morning trains, and arrives from Bar Harbor in season to connect with all evening trains over Maine Central Railroad East and West on [illegible] Bar Harbor.

F. M. LAUGHTON, President.
FRANK D. PULLEN, Gen'l Agent.
oct17

Portland & Boston Steamers.

FIRST CLASS STEAMERS OF THE OLD RELIABLE LINE

leave Franklin Wharf, Portland, every evening (Sundays excepted) at 7 o'clock, arriving in Boston in season for earliest trains for Lowell, Lynn, Waltham, Lawrence, Providence, Worcester, Fall River, Springfield, New York, etc. Through Tickets to Boston at principal R. R. Stations.

J. F. LISCOMB, Gen. Agent.
d&w

Maine Central Railroad
Arrangement of Trains,
IN EFFECT OCTOBER 23, 1887.

Until further notice trains leave Bangor as follows:

GOING EAST.

6.45 A. M.—For St. Stephen, [illegible] St. John and all points East of [illegible] the Provinces, with Parlor car [illegible]
7.20 A. M.—For Oldtown [illegible]
12.15 M.—For Oldtown and [illegible] ing with B. & P. Mixed
4.35 P. M.—For Oldtown.
7.00 P. M.—Night express train for St. [illegible] Woodstock, Aroostook County [illegible] sleeping car for St. John attached.

GOING WEST.

7.15 A. M.—For Portland [illegible] lines from Waterville, [illegible] necting with other Railroads [illegible] Parlor cars for Boston attached.
12.35 P. M.—For Augusta, Lewiston, Portland and Boston, also with [illegible] ville.
7.45 P.M.—(NIGHT TRAIN) for Portland, Boston via Augusta with Pullman [illegible] attached.
12.45 P. M.—Mixed train for W[illegible] ing at Newport for Dexter [illegible] fast.

Night trains between [illegible] every night, Sundays included.

BUCKSPORT BRANCH.

7.30 A. M., 6.45 P. M. [illegible] A. M., 7.40 P. M.
Leave Bucksport [illegible] A. M. [illegible] in Bangor 6.55 A. M., [illegible] P. M.

MT. DESERT BRANCH.

Trains leave Bangor at [illegible] and 6.30 P. M. for Ellsworth [illegible] steamer running to Bar Harbor [illegible] in pleasant weather.
Trains leave Bar Harbor [illegible] 3.00 P. M., Mt. Desert Ferry [illegible] 4.15 P. M., Ellsworth [illegible] M.; arriving in Bangor [illegible] 6.15 P. M.

ARRIVALS.

Through Trains from the [illegible] 6.25 P. M., with [illegible] From B. & P. R. R. [illegible] From Oldtown, other [illegible] P. M.

From the West—arrive [illegible] 6.05 P. M. Sunday paper [illegible]

NOTE.—Time of arrival [illegible] en is that at Maine Centre [illegible] St. a slight difference [illegible]

Through Tickets to [illegible] West by all routes [illegible] Office. For Pullman [illegible] on or telephone A. W. [illegible]

F. E. BOOTHBY, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agt.
October 20th, 1887.

New Brunswick Ry. Co.
ALL-RAIL LINE.
ARRANGEMENT OF TRAINS
IN EFFECT, OCTOBER 24, 1887
EASTERN STANDARD TIME.

Southern Division.

8.40 A. M. leave St. John. [illegible]
8.30 P. M. " [illegible]
9.05 A. M. " Fredericton. [illegible]
9.30 A. M. " St. Andrews. [illegible]
9.45 A. M. " St. Stephen. [illegible]
9.15 P. M. " [illegible]

Northern Division.

1.00 P. M., leave Edmundston. [illegible]
6.45 A. M., leave Grand Falls [illegible]
3.30 P. M., " [illegible]
6.30 A. M., " Presque Isle, [illegible]
3.00 P. M., " " [illegible]
7.05 A. M., " Caribou, [illegible]
3.40 P. M., " " [illegible]
7.35 A. M., " Fort Fairfield, [illegible]
4.20 P. M., " " [illegible]
10.25 A. M., " Woodstock, [illegible]
8.40 P. M., " " [illegible]
10.25 A. M., " Houlton [illegible]
8.50 P. M., " " [illegible]

The above trains make [illegible] Vanceboro' with Passenger trains [illegible] tral Railroad for Bangor, Portland [illegible] points West.

All trains arrive and depart at St. John new Passenger Station of Intercolonial.

F. [illegible] CRAM, [illegible]
J. F. LEAVITT, Gen'l. Pass. Agent.
St. John, N. B., October [illegible], 1887

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY
CONSUMPTION · LUNG DISEASES · COUGHS · COLDS

Speedily and permanently cured by Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry. [illegible] Get the genuine [illegible] on the wrapper. [illegible] Sons, Boston. [illegible]
feb28—1&w

Public Auction.

The undersigned, W. B. [illegible] proprietor of the Penobscot [illegible] Bangor, in the County of Penobscot, State of Maine, hereby give public notice [illegible] on certain goods [illegible] due from Thomas Dermott, [illegible] for board and lodging, [illegible] remained in my possession [illegible] deemed. Therefore I shall [illegible] tion to pay the sum due for board [illegible] aforesaid, and the expense of [illegible] selling the same, on Saturday, [illegible] November next, at the office of the Penobscot Exchange aforesaid, in Bangor.

The goods above mentioned are as follows, and they are believed to be owned by said Thomas Dermott:

One Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine (new) manufacturer's number [illegible]
One Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine (new) No. 563,148.
One Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine (new) No. 562,017.
One Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine (new) No. 563,481.
One Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine manufacturer's No. 441,135.

W. B. JOHNSON.
Auctioneer, CHAS. S. PEARL.
Dated at Bangor, this Fourth day of October, A. D. 1887.
oct5

STATE OF MAINE.

PENOBSCOT, SS. Court of Insolvency.

In the case of William Ireland Wood, Insolvent Debtor.

Notice is hereby given that a petition has, on this nineteenth day of October, A. D. 1887, been presented to said Court for said County, by William Ireland Wood, of Corinna, in the County of Penobscot, praying that he may be decreed to have a full discharge from all his debts provable under the provisions of chapter seventy of the Revised Statutes of the State of Maine and the amendments thereof, and upon said Petition, it is ordered by said Court that a hearing be had upon the same before said Court, at the Probate Court Room in Bangor, in said County of Penobscot, on Thursday the third day of November, A. D. 1887, at ten o'clock in the forenoon; and that notice thereof be published in the Bangor Daily Whig & Courier, a newspaper published in said County of Penobscot, once a week for two successive weeks, the last publication to be three days at least before the day of hearing; and that all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons interested, may appear at said place and time, and show cause, if any they have, why a discharge should not be granted said Debtor according to the prayer of his petition.

Attest: AMBROSE C. FLINT, Register of said Court for said County of Penobscot.
oct21 eFtw

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B. A. BURR, Proprietor.

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